

#### 2/2 клапан с прямым управлением для различных сред

#### VX21/22/23

G1/8 ~ G1/2; Ø 6 ~ 12

- Подбор соответствующих материалов корпуса (латунь, нерж. сталь, FKM, EPDM) и уплотнений (NBR, EPDM, FPM, PTFE) позволяет использовать клапаны для работы с разнообразными средами
- По сравнению с базовой моделью на 20% увеличены расход, снижены энергопотребление, уровень шума, габариты и вес
- Степень защиты IP65, устойчивость к высоким температурам (соответствует UL94V-0)
- Встроенный двухполупериодный выпрямитель
- Легко разбираются и собираются
- Нормально закрытый (Н.З.) и нормально открытый (Н.О.) типы
- Монтаж: самостоятельный или стыковый на многоместной плите
- Якорь и сердечник выполнены из специальных магнитных материалов с повышенной коррозионной устойчивостью



Условные обозначения

ACHODUDIC OOOSUG	тепия	Тип кл	папана	
Монтаж		H.3.	H.O.	
Индивидуальный		1——2	1 2	
Блочный на многоместной плите	Общий подвод (только клапаны для воздуха)	2(001) 2(001)	2(00T) 2(00T)	
	Индивидуальный подвод* (только клапаны для вакуума)	1 (N) 1 (N) 2 (QUT)	1 (N) 1 (N) 2 (QUT)	

<sup>\*</sup>Только клапаны для воздуха

#### Общие технические характеристики

Клапан	Испытательное давление (МПа)		2.0 (1.5 у клапанов в пластиковом корпусе)	
	Материалы	Корпус	Алюминий, пластик, латунь С37, нерж. сталь	
		Уплотнения	NBR, FKM, термостойкий FKM по запросу: EPDM	
	Степень защиты		IP65 <sup>1)</sup>	
	Требования к окружающей среде	)	Без коррозионно-активных или взрывоопасных газов	
Катушка	Номинальное	V AC	100, 200, 110, 220, 230, 240, 48	
	напряжение	V DC	24, 12	
	Допустимые отклонения напряже (% номинального напряжения)	ения	Не более ±10	
	Допустимое напряжение отключения <sup>2)</sup>	AC DC	Не более 10% номинального напряжения Не более 2% номинального напряжения	
	Изоляция обмотки		Класс В, у исполнений для пара: класс Н	

<sup>1)</sup> Исполнение с ножевым контактом имеет степень защиты IP40.

#### Характеристики катушек\*

Типоразмер	DC			AC					
клапана				Класс В Класс Н					
	Потребля мощности		Нагрев (	°C)	Полная мощность переменного тока (В·А)		Нагрев (°C)	Полная мощность переменного тока (В A)	Нагрев (°C)
	H.3.	H.O.	H.3.	H.O	H.3.	H.O			
VX21	4.5	7.5	50	60	7	9	60	9	100
VX22	7	8.5	55	70	9.5	10	70	12	100
VX23	10.5	12.5	65	70	12	14	70	15	100

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>При окружающей температуре 20°С и номинальном напряжении

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Напряжение, при котором гарантировано отключение

#### 2/2 клапан с прямым управлением для различных сред VX21/22/23

#### Рабочая среда

#### Рабочая среда для клапанов самостоятельного монтажа

Рабочая среда	Материал		Внутренние и внешние утечки.	Температур	oa (°C)
	Уплотнение	Корпус	см³/мин., не более	Среды	Окружающая
Воздух, инертные газы	NBR (FKM)	Алюминий	11)	-10 <sup>2)</sup> ~ 60	-20 ~ 60
		Пластик	15 <sup>1)</sup>		
Средний вакуум (до 0.1 Па абс.)	FKM	Латунь/	Натекание <sup>1)3)</sup> до 10 <sup>-6</sup> Па ⋅м²/с	1 ~ 60	
Масло <sup>4)</sup>		нерж. сталь	0.11)	- 5 ~ 60	
Вода	NBR (FKM)			1 ~ 60	
Горячая вода	Термостойкий		0.1	Макс. 99	
Пар	FKM		1	Макс. 183	

#### Рабочая среда для клапанов стыкового монтажа

Рабочая среда	Материал		Внутренние	Температура (°C)	
	Уплотнение	Корпус	и внешние утечки <sup>1)</sup>	Среды	Окружающая
Воздух, инертные газы	NBR (FKM)	Пластик	До 1 см³/мин	-10 <sup>2)</sup> ~ 60	-20 ~ 60
Средний вакуум (до 0.1 Па абс.)	FKM		Натекание <sup>1)3)</sup> до 10 <sup>-6</sup> Па м³/с	1 ~ 60	

- 1) При окружающей температуре 20°C
- 2) Точка росы не должна превышать -10°C
- 3) При перепаде давлений 0.1 МПа
- 4) Вязкость до 50 мм²/с.

#### Клапан самостоятельного монтажа

Minimi	oumoo i on i on bii oi o	monranta									
Типо-	Присоединение	Условный	Макс., рабо	чий	Рабочий диапазон	Пропускная способ	бность Су	Вес (г)	4)		
размер		проход	перепад дан	зл. (МПа)	давлений (вакуум)	Клапан	Клапан	Воздух		Вода,	
		(MM)	(воздух, вод	ιa,		в металлическом	в пластиковом	вакуум		масло	, пар
			масло, пар)			корпусе	корпусе				
			H.3.	H.O.				H.3.	H.O.	H.3.	H.O.
VX21	1/8, 1/4, C6, C8	2	1.0	0.9	от атмосферного	0.23	0.23	220	240	300	320
		3	0.6	0.45	до 0.1 Па (абс.)	0.41	0.35 (0.41)1)				
		5	0.2	0.2		0.62	0.4 (0.56)1)				
VX22	1/4, 3/8, C8,C10	4	1.0	0.8		0.62	0.47 (0.5)2)	340	370	460	490
		7	0.15	0.15		1.08	0.84 (0.9)2)				
VX23	1/4, 3/8, C10,C12	5	1.0	8.0		0.75	0.7	450	490	580	620
		8	0.3	0.3		1.58	1.22 (1.38) <sup>3)</sup>	(460) <sup>5)</sup>	(500) <sup>5)</sup>		
		10	0.1	-		2.21	1.54 (1.76) <sup>3)</sup>		-		-
	1/2	10	0.1	-		2.21	-	470	-	630	-

- 1) Значения в скобках для С8
- 2) Значения в скобках для С10
- 3) Значения в скобках для С12
- 4) Вес клапана с залитым кабелем. Вес клапана с кабелепроводом больше на 10 г, с DIN-разъемом- на 30 г, с терм, коробкой на 60 г
- 5) Вес в скобках для клапанов с пластиковым корпусом

#### Клапан стыкового монтажа \*

Типоразмер	Условный	Макс, рабочий перепад давл.(МПа)		Пропускная
	проход (мм)	H.3.	H.O.	способность Су
VX21	2	1.0	0.9	0.23
	3	0.6	0.45	0.41
	5	0.2	0.2	0.62
VX22	4	1.0	0.8	0.62
	7	0.15	0.15	1.08
VX23	5	1.0	0.8	0.75
	7	0.3	0.3	1.08

<sup>1)</sup> для воздуха или вакуума



#### 2/2 клапан с прямым управлением для различных сред VX21/22/23

#### Номер для заказа

#### Клапан самостоятельного монтажа Исполнение Типоразмер Исполнение Рабочая среда H.3. 0 Сжатый воздух H.O. 2 Вода 2 5 H.3. 3 Масло H.O. 4 Средний вакуум 3 3 H.3. 5 Пар и горячая вода 6 H.O.

Материал корпуса, присоединение							
	Материал корпуса	Присоединение	Условный проход				
)	Типоразмер 1						
4	Сжатый воздух: алюминий	Резьба 1/8"	2				

Α	Сжатый воздух: алюминий	Резьба 1/8"	2
В	Вакуум, вода, масло, пар:		3
С	латунь С37		5
D		Резьба 1/4"	2
Е			3
F			5
Н	Сжатый воздух: пластик	Сжатый воздух: быстро-	2
J	Вакуум, вода, масло, пар:	разъемные соед. ∅6	3
К	нерж. сталь	Вакуум, вода, масло, пар: резьба 1/8"	5
L		Сжатый воздух: быстро-	2
М		разъемные соед. ∅8	3
N		Вакуум, вода, масло, пар: резьба 1/4"	5

Типоразмер	2

Α	Сжатый воздух: алюминий	Резьба 1/4"	4
В	Вакуум, вода, масло, пар:		7
D	латунь С37	Резьба 3/8"	4
Е			7
Н	Сжатый воздух: пластик	Сжатый воздух: быстроразъемные соед. Ø8	4
J	Вакуум, вода, масло, пар: нерж. сталь	Вакуум, вода, масло, пар: резьба 1/4"	7
L		Сжатый воздух: быстроразъемные соед. Ø10	4
М		Вакуум, вода, масло, пар:	7

	Типоразмер 3		
1	Сжатый воздух: алюминий	Резьба 1/4"	5
E	Вакуум, вода, масло, пар:		8
(	латунь С37		10 (только Н.З.)
[		Резьба 3/8"	5
E			8
F			10 (только Н.3.)
(	3	Резьба 1/2"	10 (только Н.3.)
ŀ	Н Сжатый воздух: пластик	Сжатый воздух: быстро-	5
	Вакуум, вода, масло, пар:	разъемные соед. ∅10	8
ŀ	нерж. сталь	Вакуум, вода, масло, пар:	10
		резьба 1/4"	(только Н.З.)
L	-	Сжатый воздух: быстро-	5
- 1	Л	разъемные соед. ∅12	8
1	l l	Вакуум, вода, масло, пар:	10
		резьба 3/8"	(только Н.З.)
F		Резьба 1/2"	10 (только Н.З.)

принадлежности (зака	зываются отдельно)		
Наименование		Номер для заказа	Примечание
Ответная часть	Ответная часть Без индикатора		-
DIN-разъема	DIN-разъема С индикатором*		200 VAC, 220 VAC, 230 VAC, 240 VAC
		GDM2A-L5	24 VDC, 24 VAC
Сальник DIN-разъема		VCW20-1-29-1	-
Ответная часть ножевог	о контакта с кабелем	VX021S-1-16FB	-

#### Тип резьбы, опции

•	Тип резьбы	Опции
	Rc (быстроразъемные соед. у пластикового корпуса)	-
Α	G	
С	Rc (быстроразъемные соед. у пластикового корпуса)	уплотн. FKM*
D	G	Обезжиренное исполнение
F	G	уплотн. FKM*
H	Rc (быстроразъемные соед. у пластикового корпуса)	уплотн. FKM* + обезжиренное исполнение
К	G	
Z	Rc (быстроразъемные соед. у пластикового корпуса)	Обезжиренное исполнение

\*Опция доступна только для исполнений на воздух и воду

#### Электрическое подключение

•	Номинальное напряжение			
<b>A</b> *	24 VDC	Залитый кабель		
Z1B	220 VAC			
F*	24 VDC	Залитый кабель с искрогашением		
Z1G	220 VAC	DIN-разъем		
L*	230 VAC	DIN-разъем с искрогашением		
G*	24 VDC			
Z2G	220 VAC	DIN-разъем с индикатором		
Z3A*	24 VDC	DIN-разъем без ответной части		
Z3G	220 VAC			
Z1L	220 VAC	Терминальная коробка		
M*	24 VDC	Терминальная коробка с искрогашением		
Z2R	220 VAC	Терминальная коробка с индикатором		
Z1Q	220 VAC	Кабелепровод		
S*	24 VDC	Кабелепровод с искрогашением		
Y*	24 VDC	Ножевой контакт		

\*Кроме исполнений для пара

#### Залитый кабель



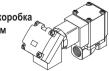
Залитый кабель с искрогашением



DIN-разъем с искрогашением



Терминальная коробка с искрогашением



Кабелепровод с искрогашением



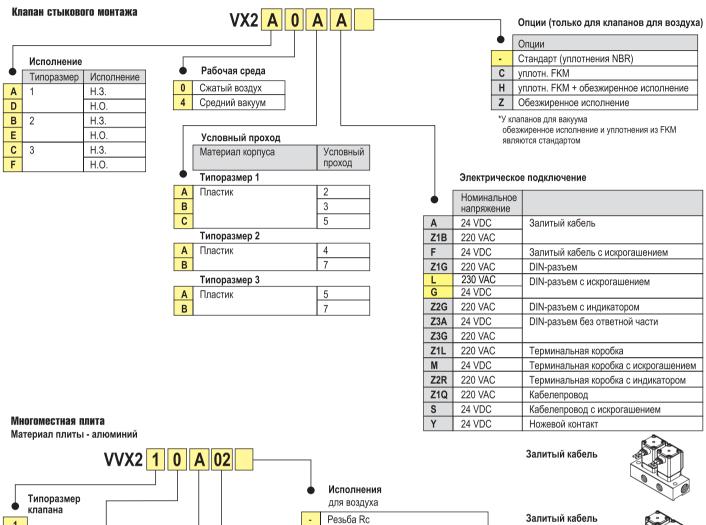
Ножевой контакт



\*Другие напряжения по запросу

#### 2/2 клапан с прямым управлением для различных сред **VX21/22/23**

#### Номер для заказа



Α

D

Количество

2 секции

10 секций

секций

02

10

Резьба G

для вакуума

Резьба Rc

Резьба Rc, обезжиренное исполнение

Резьба G, обезжиренное исполнение

Резьба G, обезжиренное исполнение



Рабочая среда

Вакуум

Сжатый воздух

Типоразмер	Материал	Номер для заказа	3
	уплотнения	Воздух	Вакуум
VX21	NBR	VVX021S-4A-N	-
	FKM	VVX021S-4A-F	VVX021S-4A-F
VX22	NBR	VVX022S-4A-N	-
	FKM	VVX022S-4A-F	VVX022S-4A-F
VX23	NBR	VVX023S-4A-N	-
	FKM	VVX023S-4A-F	VVX023S-4A-F

Присоед.

резьба

1/8

**B** 1/4

Залитый кабель с искрогашением



DIN-разъем с искрогашением



Кабелепровод с искрогашением

с искрогашением

Терминальная коробка



Ножевой контакт



2

3

#### **Direct Operated 2 Port Solenoid Valve New**



Series VX21/22/23



#### **Direct Operated 2 Port Solenoid Valve**











heated water.

Wate Can be used with

Enclosure (

**IP65** 

Flame resistance **UL94V-0 conformed** 

#### Low-noise construction

Metal noise reduced by the rubber bumper

#### Piping variations

Thread piping, One-touch fitting



#### Clearance

By providing a bumper and clearance, we reduced the collision sound of the core when ON (when the valve is open). Because of the clearance, when using highly viscous fluids such as oil, the armature does not get stuck and the responsiveness when OFF (when the valve is closed) is improved.

#### Power consumption

\* DC/Class B, N.C. valve

4.5 W (Size 1)

**7 W** (Size 2)

10.5 w (Size 3)

#### Improved armature durability **Body material**

Air Aluminum, Resin

Water/ Oil/ Medium vacuum/ **Steam** 

C37 (Brass), Stainless steel

#### Full-wave rectifier type (AC specification: Insulation type Class B/H)

Improved durability

Service life is extended by the special construction. (compared with current shading coil)

Reduced buzz noise

Rectified to DC by the full-wave rectifier, resulting in a buzz noise reduction.

Reduced apparent power \* Class B, N.C. valve 10 VA $\rightarrow$ **7** VA (Size 1) 32 VA $\rightarrow$ **12** VA (Size 3) 20 VA → **9.5** VA (Size 2)

Improved OFF response

Specially constructed to improve the OFF response when operated with a higher viscosity fluid such as oil.

Low-noise construction

Specially constructed to reduce the metal noise during operation.



Size	Orifice diameter					Dodoina		
Size	2 mmø	3 mmø	4 mmø	5 mmø	7 mmø	8 mmø	10 mmø Note)	Port size
Size 1	•		_	•	_	_	_	1/8, 1/4 One-touch fitting: ø6, ø8
Size 2	_	_	•	_	•	_	_	1/4, 3/8 One-touch fitting: ø8, ø10
Size 3	_	_	_	•	_	•	•	1/4, 3/8, 1/2 One-touch fitting: ø10, ø12

For Water

For Oil

#### **Direct Operated 2 Port Solenoid Valve** Series VX21/22/23

Single Unit/Manifold: Specifications.....2 Common Specifications.....3

Selec	tion Steps	4
	For Air  Model/Valve Specifications, Fluid and Ambient Temperature, Valve Leakage 5  How to Order (Single Unit)	7 8
	For Medium Vacuum  Model/Valve Specifications, Fluid and Ambient Temperature, Valve Leakage  How to Order (Single Unit)  Model/Valve Specifications, Fluid and Ambient Temperature, Valve Leakage  How to Order (Solenoid Valve for Manifold, Manifold Base),  Blanking Plate Assembly Part No., How to Order Manifold Assembly (Example)	11 12
	For Water  Model/Valve Specifications, Fluid and Ambient Temperature, Valve Leakage  How to Order (Single Unit)	
	For Oil  Model/Valve Specifications, Fluid and Ambient Temperature, Valve Leakage  How to Order (Single Unit)	
	For Steam * Can be used with heated water.  Model/Valve Specifications, Fluid and Ambient Temperature, Valve Leakage  How to Order (Single Unit)	
Const	Special Options	
	gle Unitnifold	
Dimer	nsions (Single Unit) Body material: Aluminum Body material: Resin Body material: C37, Stainless steel	24
	(Manifold) Base material: Aluminum	
-	cement Parts	
	ary of Termsoid Valve Flow-rate Characteristics	
	rate Characteristics	
	fic Product Precautions	
	SMC	1

## Direct Operated 2 Port Solenoid Valve Series VX21/22/23

For Air, Medium Vacuum, Water, Oil and Steam

#### Single Unit (For Air, Medium Vacuum, Water, Oil and Steam)

#### ■Valve type

Normally Closed (N.C.) Normally Open (N.O.)

#### ■Solenoid coil type

Insulation type: Class B, Class H

#### ■Rated voltage

100 V/200 V/110 V/230 VAC (220 V/240 V/48 V/24 VAC) 24 V/12 VDC

Voltage in ( ) indicates special voltage.

#### Material

Body — Aluminum, Resin, C37 (Brass), Stainless steel Seal — NBR, FKM\*

\* Refer to individual pages for details of each fluid.

#### ■Electrical entry

- Grommet
- Conduit
- DIN terminal
- Conduit terminal
- Faston terminal

#### Normally Closed (N.C.) Normally Open (N.O.)

Size		Size 1	Size 2	Size 3
	2 mmø	•	_	_
	3 mmø	•	_	_
Orifice	4 mmø	_	•	_
diameter	5 mmø	•	_	•
	7 mmø	_	•	_
	8 mmø	_	_	•
	10 mmø	_	_	•*
Port size		1/8, 1/4	1/4, 3/8	1/4, 3/8, 1/2
FUIT SIZE		ø6, ø8	ø8, ø10	ø10, ø12

\* N.C. only

#### Manifold (For Air, Medium Vacuum)

#### ■Valve type

Normally Closed (N.C.) Normally Open (N.O.)

#### Manifold type

Common SUP type Individual SUP type

#### ■Solenoid coil type

Insulation type: Class B

#### ■Rated voltage

100 V/200 V/110 V/230 VAC (220 V/240 V/48 V/24 VAC) 24 V/12 VDC

Voltage in ( ) indicates special voltage.

#### Material

Body — Resin Base — Aluminum Seal — NBR, FKM

#### ■Electrical entry

- Grommet
- Conduit
- DIN terminal
- Conduit terminal
- Faston terminal

#### Manifold

	Size		Size 1	Size 2	Size 3	
		2 mmø	•	<del>_</del>	_	
	Outfle -	3 mmø	•	<u> </u>		
	Orifice diameter	4 mmø		•		
	ulallielei	5 mmø	•	<u> </u>	•	
		7 mmø		•	•	
Ф	Common SUP type	IN		3/8		
size	(Air)	OUT	1/8, 1/4			
Port	Individual SUP type	IN	1/8, 1/4			
₽	(Medium vacuum)	OUT	3/8			



#### **Common Specifications**

#### Standard Specifications

	Valve construction		Direct operated poppet	
	Withstand pressure		2.0 MPa (Resin body type 1.5 MPa)	
Valve	Body material		Aluminum, Resin, C37 (Brass), Stainless steel	
specifications	Seal material Note 3)		NBR, FKM	
ĺ	Enclosure		Dust-tight, Water-jet-proof type (IP65) Note 1)	
	Environment		Location without corrosive or explosive gases	
	Rated voltage	AC	100 VAC, 200 VAC, 110 VAC, 230 VAC, (220 VAC, 240 VAC, 48 VAC, 24 VAC) Note 2)	
ĺ	nateu voltage	DC	24 VDC, (12 VDC) Note 2)	
Coil	Allowable voltage fluctuation		±10% of rated voltage	
specifications	Allowable leakage AC		10% or less of rated voltage	
	voltage DC		2% or less of rated voltage	
	Coil insulation type		Class B, Class H	

Note 1) Electrical entry "Faston" type terminal is IP40.

Note 2) Voltage in ( ) indicates special voltage. (Refer to page 20.)

Note 3) For seal material/EPDM, please contact SMC.

⚠ Be sure to read "Specific Product Precautions" before handling.

#### Solenoid Coil Specifications

#### Normally Closed (N.C.) **DC Specification**

	Size	Power consumption (W) Note 1)	Temperature rise (°C)Note 2)
S	Size 1	4.5	50
S	ize 2	7	55
S	ize 3	10.5	65

Note 1) Power consumption, Apparent power: The value at ambient temperature of 20°C and when the rated voltage is applied. (Variation: ±10%)

Note 2) The value at ambient temperature of 20°C and when the rated voltage is applied. The value depends on the ambient environment. This is for reference.

#### AC Specification (Built-in Full-wave Rectifier Type) Class B

Size	Apparent power (VA) Note 1) 2)	Temperature rise (°C)Note 3)
Size 1	7	60
Size 2	9.5	70
Size 3	12	70

#### Class H

Size	Apparent power (VA) Note 1) 2)	Temperature rise (°C)Note 3)
Size 1	9	100
Size 2	12	100
Size 3	15	100

Note 1) Power consumption, Apparent power: The value at ambient temperature of 20°C and when the rated voltage is applied. (Variation: ±10%)

Note 2) There is no difference in the frequency and the inrush and energized apparent power, since a rectifying circuit is used in the

Note 3) The value at ambient temperature of 20°C and when the rated voltage is applied. The value depends on the ambient environment. This is for reference.

#### **Normally Open (N.O.) DC Specification**

Size	Power consumption (W) Note 1)	Temperature rise (°C)Note 2)
Size 1	7.5	60
Size 2	8.5	70
Size 3	12.5	70

Note 1) Power consumption, Apparent power: The value at ambient temperature of 20°C and when the rated voltage is applied. (Variation: ±10%)

Note 2) The value at ambient temperature of 20°C and when the rated voltage is applied. The value depends on the ambient environment. This is for reference.

#### AC Specification (Built-in Full-wave Rectifier Type) Class B

Size	Apparent power (VA) Note 1) 2)	Temperature rise (°C)Note 3)
Size 1	9	60
Size 2	10	70
Size 3	14	70

#### Class H

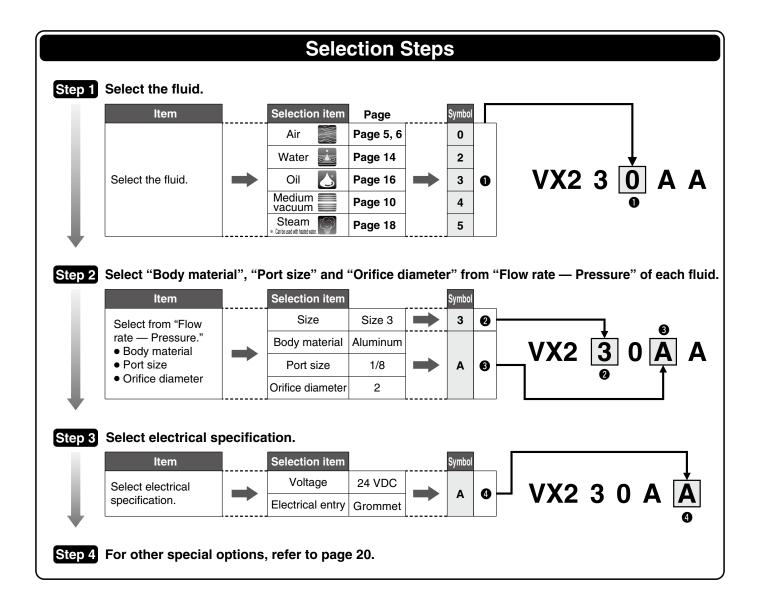
Size	Apparent power (VA) Note 1) 2)	Temperature rise (°C)Note 3)
Size 1	9	100
Size 2	12	100
Size 3	15	100

Note 1) Power consumption, Apparent power: The value at ambient temperature of 20°C and when the rated voltage is applied. (Variation: ±10%)

Note 2) There is no difference in the frequency and the inrush and energized apparent power, since a rectifying circuit is used in the

Note 3) The value at ambient temperature of 20°C and when the rated voltage is applied. The value depends on the ambient environment. This is for reference.

### Series VX21/22/23 Selection Steps



#### **Model/Valve Specifications**



**Aluminum Body Type** 

7 1101111111	am Boay .	<u> </u>						
		Orifice diameter		Flo	Flow-rate characteristics			Weight Note)
Size	Port size	(mmø)	Model	C [dm <sup>3</sup> /(s·bar)]	b	Cv	pressure differential (MPa)	(g)
		2		0.63	0.63	0.23	1.0	220
1	1/8, 1/4	3	VX210	1.05	0.68	0.41	0.6	220
		5		2.20	0.39	0.62	0.2	220
2	1/4, 3/8	4	VX220	1.90	0.52	0.62	1.0	340
	1/4, 3/6	7		3.99	0.44	1.08	0.15	340
		5		1.96	0.55	0.75	1.0	450
3	1/4, 3/8	8	VX230	5.67	0.33	1.58	0.3	450
٦		10		5.74	0.64	2.21	0.1	450
	1/2	10		8.42	0.39	2.21	0.1	470

Resin Body Type (Built-in One-touch Fittings)

nesiii L	resili body Type (built-ili Olie-touch Fittings)							
		Orifice diameter		Flo	Flow-rate characteristics			Weight Note)
Size	Port size	(mmø)	Model	C [dm <sup>3</sup> /(s·bar)]	b	Cv	pressure differential (MPa)	(g)
		2		0.82	0.44	0.23	1.0	220
	ø6	3		1.25	0.34	0.35	0.6	220
1		5	VX210	1.45	0.43	0.40	0.2	220
•		2	VA210	0.82	0.44	0.23	1.0	220
	ø8	3		1.81	0.40	0.41	0.6	220
		5		2.11	0.32	0.56	0.2	220
	ø8	4		1.69	0.40	0.47	1.0	340
2	00	7	VX220	3.14	0.34	0.84	0.15	340
	~10	4		1.68	0.49	0.50	1.0	340
	ø10	7		3.54	0.36	0.90	0.15	340
		5		2.50	0.44	0.70	1.0	460
	ø10	8		2.77	0.82	1.22	0.3	460
_		10	VX230	5.69	0.46	1.54	0.1	460
3		5		2.50	0.44	0.70	1.0	460
	ø12	8		2.56	0.88	1.38	0.3	460
		10		5.69	0.64	1.76	0.1	460

Note) Weight of grommet type. Add 10 g for conduit type, 30 g for DIN terminal type, 60 g for conduit terminal type respectively.

#### Fluid and Ambient Temperature

Fluid temperature (°C)	Ambient temperature (°C)
-10 Note) to 60	-20 to 60

Note) Dew point temperature: -10°C or less

#### Valve Leakage

#### Internal Leakage

Seal material Note2)	Leakage rate (Air) Note1)
NBR (FKM)	1 cm <sup>3</sup> /min or less (Aluminum body type)
NDN (FRIVI)	15 cm <sup>3</sup> /min or less (Resin body type)

**External Leakage** 

Seal material Note2)	Leakage rate (Air) Note1)
NBR (FKM)	1 cm <sup>3</sup> /min or less (Aluminum body type)
INDH (FKW)	15 cm <sup>3</sup> /min or less (Resin body type)

Note 1) Leakage is the value at ambient temperature 20°C.

Note 2) For seal material/FKM, refer to "Other options" on page 20 for the selection.

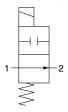
<sup>•</sup> Refer to "Glossary of Terms" on page 31 for details on the maximum operating pressure differential.



#### Model/Valve Specifications

N.O.

#### Passage symbol





Refer to "Glossary of Terms" on page 31 for passage symbols.

#### **Aluminum Body Type**

		<i>7</i> 1						
0:	5	Orifice diameter				Maximum operating		
Size	Port size	(mmø)	Model	C [dm <sup>3</sup> /(s·bar)]	b	Cv	pressure differential (MPa)	(g)
		2		0.63	0.63	0.23	0.9	240
1	1/8, 1/4	3	VX240	1.05	0.68	0.41	0.45	240
		5		2.20	0.39	0.62	0.2	240
2	1/4, 3/8	4	VX250	1.90	0.52	0.62	0.8	370
	1/4, 3/6	7	V A 2 3 U	3.99	0.44	1.08	0.15	370
2	1/4, 3/8	5	VX260	1.96	0.55	0.75	0.8	490
3	1/4, 3/6	8	V \ \ 200	5.67	0.33	1.58	0.3	490

#### Resin Body Type (Built-in One-touch Fittings)

0:	Doub since	Orifice diameter	Madal	Flo	ow-rate characterist	ics	Maximum operating pressure differential	Weight Note)
Size	Port size	(mmø)	Model	C [dm <sup>3</sup> /(s·bar)]	b	Cv	(MPa)	(g)
		2		0.82	0.44	0.23	0.9	240
	ø6	3		1.25	0.34	0.35	0.45	240
4		5	VX240	1.45	0.43	0.40	0.2	240
1		2	V A 240	0.82	0.44	0.23	0.9	240
	ø8	3		1.81	0.40	0.41	0.45	240
		5		2.11	0.32	0.56	0.2	240
	ø8	4		1.69	0.40	0.47	0.8	370
2	00	7	VX250	3.14	0.34	0.84	0.15	370
	ø10	4		1.68	0.49	0.50	0.8	370
	010	7		3.54	0.36	0.90	0.15	370
	ø10	5		2.50	0.44	0.70	0.8	500
3	010	8	VX260	2.77	0.82	1.22	0.3	500
3	a12	5	5	2.50	0.42	0.70	0.8	500
	ø12 8		2.56	0.88	1.38	0.3	500	

Note) Weight of grommet type. Add 10 g for conduit type, 30 g for DIN terminal type, 60 g for conduit terminal type respectively.

#### **Fluid and Ambient Temperature**

Fluid temperature (°C)	Ambient temperature (°C)
-10 Note) to 60	–20 to 60

Note) Dew point temperature: -10°C or less

#### Valve Leakage

**Internal Leakage** 

	Leakage rate (Air) Note1)
NDD (EKM)	1 cm <sup>3</sup> /min or less (Aluminum body type)
NBR (FKM)	15 cm <sup>3</sup> /min or less (Resin body type)

**External Leakage** 

Seal material Note2)	Leakage rate (Air) Note1)
NDD (EKM)	1 cm <sup>3</sup> /min or less (Aluminum body type)
NBR (FKM)	15 cm <sup>3</sup> /min or less (Resin body type)

Note 1) Leakage is the value at ambient temperature 20°C.

Note 2) For seal material/FKM, refer to "Other options" on page 20 for the selection.



<sup>•</sup> Refer to "Glossary of Terms" on page 31 for details on the maximum operating pressure differential.

#### Direct Operated 2 Port Solenoid Valve Series VX21/22/23



#### **How to Order (Single Unit)**

VX2	1	<u>0</u>	A	A
	Flui	id		

Air

#### **Common Specifications**

Seal material	NBR
Coil insulation type	Class B
Thread type	Rc*

 One-touch fittings are attached to the resin body type.

#### Body material/Port size/Orifice diameter

0

Coil size/Valve type				Body	material/l	Port size/C	rifice diameter	
	Size	Symbol	Valve type		Symbol	Body material	Port size	Orifice diameter
		1	N.C.		Α			2
	Size 1	•	IV.C.		В		1/8	3
	Size i	4	N.O.		С	Aluminum		5
		4	IV.O.		D	Alullillulli		2
Ī			,	7	Е		1/4	3
					F			5
				\	Н		2	
		į		Ì	J		ø6	3
				į	K	Resin		5
				\	L	nesiii		2
				\	M		ø8	3
				,	N			5

	2	N.C.	T	Α		1/4	4
Size 2		IN.C.		В	Aluminum	1/4	7
3126 2	5	N.O.		D	Aluminum	3/8	4
	٦	<b>5</b> N.O.	Е		3/0	7	
			`\ `	Н		ø8	4
	\ J Pesi		Resin	ØO	7		
			_ /	L	nesiii	ø10	4
			1	М		טוש	7

			,				
	3	N.C.		Α			5
Size 3		IN.O.		В		1/4	8
3126 3	_	N.O.		С			10 (N.C. only)
	6	IV.O.		D	Aluminum		5
			}	E	Alummum	3/8	8
			1	F			10 (N.C. only)
			-	G		1/2	10 (N.C. only)
			1	Н			5
			Ì	J		ø10	8
			`\	K	Daain		10 (N.C. only)
				L	Resin		5
				M		ø12	8

١,	Volt	tage/	Ele	ctr	ical	ent	try	
								_

Symbol	Voltage	Electrical entry
A	24 VDC	Grommet
В	100 VAC	Grommet
С	110 VAC	With surge voltage
D	200 VAC	\suppressor/
E	230 VAC	
F	24 VDC	
G	24 VDC	DIN terminal
Н	100 VAC	With surge voltage
J	110 VAC	suppressor
K	200 VAC	
L	230 VAC	
М	24 VDC	Conduit terminal
N	100 VAC	With surge voltage
Р	110 VAC	suppressor
Q	200 VAC	
R	230 VAC	
S	24 VDC	Conduit
Т	100 VAC	With surge voltage
U	110 VAC	\suppressor/
V	200 VAC	
W	230 VAC	
Υ	24 VDC	Faston terminal
Z		Other voltages

#### For other special options, refer to

page 20.							
Special voltage	24 VAC						
	48 VAC						
	220 VAC						
	240 VAC						
	12 VDC						
DIN terminal with light							
Conduit terminal with light							
Without DIN conne	ctor						
Low concentration	ozone resistant						
(Seal material: FKN	1)						
Oil-free	Oil-free						
G thread	·						
NPT thread							

Dimensions → Page 23 (Single unit)



10 (N.C. only)

Specifications

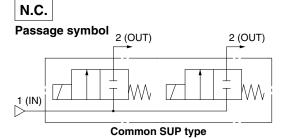
For Water | For Medium Vacuum

For Steam For Oil



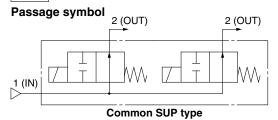
\* For the fluid other than air and medium vacuum, please contact SMC.

#### **Model/Valve Specifications**





N.O.



Refer to "Glossary of Terms" on page 31 for passage symbols.

#### **Normally Closed (N.C.)**

Size	Orifice diameter	Model		Maximum operating pressure differential		
Size	(mmø)	iviodei	C [dm <sup>3</sup> /(s·bar)]	b	Cv	(MPa)
	2		0.63	0.63	0.23	1.0
1	3	VX2A0	1.05	0.68	0.41	0.6
	5		2.20	0.39	0.62	0.2
2	4	VY2B0	1.90	0.52	0.62	1.0
	7	VX2B0	3.99	0.44	1.08	0.15
2	5	VX2C0	1.96	0.55	0.75	1.0
	7	VAZCU	3.99	0.44	1.08	0.3

**Normally Open (N.O.)** 

Size	Orifice diameter	Model		Maximum operating pressure differential		
Size	(mmø)	iviodei	C [dm <sup>3</sup> /(s·bar)]	b	Cv	(MPa)
	2		0.63	0.63	0.23	0.9
1	3	VX2D0	1.05	0.68	0.41	0.45
	5		2.20	0.39	0.62	0.2
2	4	VX2E0	1.90	0.52	0.62	0.8
	7	VAZEU	3.99	0.44	1.08	0.15
2	5	VX2F0	1.96	0.55	0.75	0.8
3	7	VAZFU	3.99	0.44	1.08	0.3

#### Fluid and Ambient Temperature

Fluid temperature (°C)	Ambient temperature (°C)
-10 Note) to 60	-20 to 60

Note) Dew point temperature: -10°C or less

#### Valve Leakage

#### Internal Leakage

Seal material Note 2)	Leakage rate Note 1)
NBR (FKM)	1 cm <sup>3</sup> /min or less

**External Leakage** 

Seal material Note 2)	Leakage rate Note 1)
NBR (FKM)	1 cm <sup>3</sup> /min or less

Note 1) Leakage is the value at ambient temperature 20°C.

Note 2) For seal material/FKM, refer to "Other options" on page 20 for the selection.



#### ( RoHS

#### How to Order (Solenoid Valve for Manifold)

0

Air



**Common Specifications** 

NBR Seal material Coil insulation type Class B

#### Coil size/Valve type

Coil size	e/Valv	e type		Body	/ material/C	Orifice diameter
Size	Symbol	Valve type		Symbol	Body material	Orifice diameter
Size 1	Α	N.C.		Α		2
Size i	D	N.O.		В	Resin	3
			·	_		_

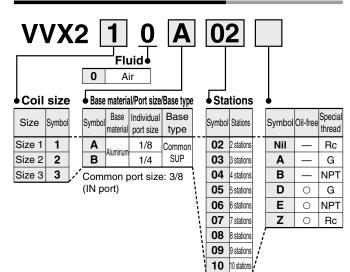
Sizo 2	В	N.C.	[	Α	Posin	4
3126 2	E	N.O.		В	1163111	7

Size 3	С	N.C.	Α	Resin	5
3126 3	F	N.O.	В	1169111	7

#### For other special options, refer to

page 20.	
	24 VAC
Special voltage	48 VAC
	220 VAC
	240 VAC
	12 VDC
DIN terminal with ligh	nt
Conduit terminal with	ı light
Without DIN connect	or
Low concentration ozone re	sistant (Seal material: FKM)
Oil-free	

#### Manifold Base/How to Order



#### Blanking Plate Assembly Part No.

For size 1 VVX021S - 4A- N

For size 2 VVX022S - 4A- N

For size 3 VVX023S - 4A- N

N

NBR

FKM

When mounting a blanking plate assembly, if the solenoid valve for Seal material the manifold is ozone resistant, (Seal material: FKM), please sele

CL FRIVI.	
Dimensions → Page 29	1

Voltage/Electrical entry						
Symbol	Voltage	Electrical entry				
A	24 VDC	Grommet				
В	100 VAC	Grommet				
С	110 VAC	/With surge \				
D	200 VAC	(voltage suppressor)				
E	230 VAC					
F	24 VDC					
G	24 VDC	DIN terminal				
Н	100 VAC	/With surge				
J	110 VAC	voltage suppressor				
K	200 VAC					
L	230 VAC					
M	24 VDC	Conduit terminal				
N	100 VAC	With surge voltage				
P	110 VAC	\suppressor/				
Q	200 VAC					
R	230 VAC					
S	24 VDC	Conduit				
Т	100 VAC	With surge voltage				
U	110 VAC	\suppressor/				
V	200 VAC					
W	230 VAC					
Y	24 VDC	Faston terminal				
Z		Other voltages				
	Carlot Voltageo					

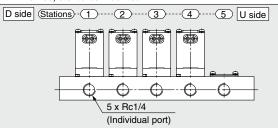
#### **How to Order Manifold Assembly (Example)**

Enter the valve and blanking plate to be mounted under the manifold base part number.

#### <Example>

VVX210B05.....1 \*VX2A0AA ......4 \*VVX021S-4A-N .....1

> "\*" is the symbol for mounting. Add an "\*" in front of the part numbers for solenoid valves, etc. to be mounted.

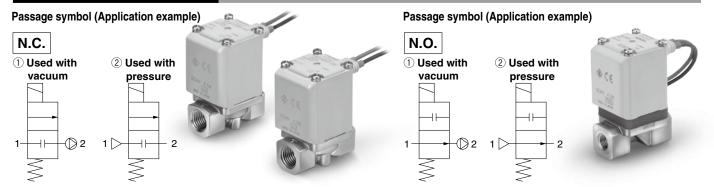


Enter the product's part number in order, counting the 1st station from the D side (left in the manifold arrangement, when viewing the individual port in front).

For Oil



#### **Model/Valve Specifications**



Refer to "Glossary of Terms" on page 31 for passage symbols.

Refer to "Glossary of Terms" on page 31 for passage symbols.

#### Normally Closed (N.C.)

Size	Port size	Orifice diameter	Model	Flo	ow-rate characterist	ics	Operating pes	sure range	Weight
Size	FUILSIZE	(mmø)	Model	C [dm <sup>3</sup> /(s·bar)]	b	Cv	1 Used with vacuum (Pa-abs)	② Used with pressure (MPa-G)	(g)
		2		0.63	0.63	0.23		0 to 1.0	300
1	1/8, 1/4	3	VX214	1.05	0.68	0.41		0 to 0.6	300
		5		2.20	0.39	0.62		0 to 0.2	300
2	1/4, 3/8	4	VX224	1.90	0.52	0.62	0.1 to	0 to 1.0	460
	1/4, 5/6	7	V A Z Z 4	3.99	0.44	1.08	atmospheric	0 to 0.15	460
		5		1.96	0.55	0.75	pressure	0 to 1.0	580
3	1/4, 3/8	8	VX234	5.67	0.33	1.58		0 to 0.3	580
3		10	V A 2 3 4	5.74	0.64	2.21		0 to 0.1	580
	1/2	10		8.42	0.39	2.21		0 to 0.1	630

#### **Normally Open (N.O.)**

Size	Port size Orifice diameter Model Flow-rate characteristics			Operating pessure range		Note) Weight			
Size	FUIT SIZE	(mmø)	Model	C [dm <sup>3</sup> /(s·bar)]	b	Cv	1 Used with vacuum (Pa-abs)	② Used with pressure (MPa-G)	(g)
		2		0.63	0.63	0.23		0 to 0.9	320
1	1/8, 1/4	3	VX244	1.05	0.68	0.41		0 to 0.45	320
		5		2.20	0.39	0.62	0.1 to	0 to 0.2	320
2	1/4, 3/8	4	VX254	1.90	0.52	0.62	atmospheric	0 to 0.8	490
	1/4, 5/6	7	V A 2 3 4	3.99	0.44	1.08	pressure	0 to 0.15	490
3	1/4. 3/8	5	VX264	1.96	0.55	0.75		0 to 0.8	620
3	1/4, 3/8	8	V A 204	5.67	0.33	1.58		0 to 0.3	620

Note) Weight of grommet type. Add 10 g for conduit type, 30 g for DIN terminal type, 60 g for conduit terminal type respectively.

#### Fluid and Ambient Temperature

Fluid temperature (°C)	Ambient temperature (°C)
1 to 60 <sup>Note)</sup>	-20 to 60

Note) With no freezing

#### Valve Leakage

Internal Leakage

Seal material	Leakage rate Note)
FKM	10 <sup>-6</sup> Pa⋅m³/sec or less

**External Leakage** 

Seal material	Leakage rate Note)
FKM	10 <sup>-6</sup> Pa⋅m <sup>3</sup> /sec or less

Note) Leakage ( $10^{-6}$  Pa·m³/sec) is the value at differential pressure 0.1 MPa and ambient temperature  $20^{\circ}$ C.



For Water

For Oil

For Steam

Dimensions Construction



#### VX2 Fluid •

4 Medium vacuum

Common Specific	cations
Seal material	FKM
Coil insulation type	Class B
Thread type	Rc
Oil-free	
Non-leak	

þ	Coil	size	e/Va	lve	type	

on size/valve type						
Size	Symbol	Valve type				
Size 1	1	N.C.				
SIZE I	4	N.O.				

	■ Body material/Port size/Orifice diameter				
	Symbol	Body material	Port size	Orifice diameter	
	Α	- C37	1/8	2	
	В			3	
	С			5	
	D		1/4	2	
	E			3	
	F			5	
	Н		1/8	2	
	J			3	
	K	Stainless		5	
\	L	steel		2	
	M		1/4	3	
	N			5	

	_	<b>2</b> N.C.		Α		1/4	4
Size 2				В	C37		7
Size z	5	N.O.	NO	D		3/8	4
	9	IN.O.		Е			7
			/	Н		1/4	4
			1	J	Stainless	1/4	7
			\	L	steel	2/0	4
			\ 	М		3/8	7
							_

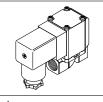
Size 3	3	N.C.
	6	N.O.

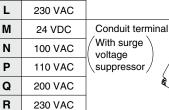
M		0/0	7
1			
Α			5
В		1/4	8
С			10 (N.C. only)
D	C37		5
Е		3/8	8
F			10 (N.C. only)
G		1/2	10 (N.C. only)
Н		1/4	5
J			8
K	]		10 (N.C. only)
L	Stainless steel	3/8	5
M			8
N			10 (N.C. only)
Р	1	1/2	10 (N.C. only)

Symbol	Voltage		Electrical entry
		Grommet	

Voltage/Electrical entry

A	24 VDC		Æ,
В	100 VAC	Grommet	
C	110 VAC	With surge voltage	
D	200 VAC	suppressor	d
E	230 VAC		
F	24 VDC		
G	24 VDC	DIN terminal	
Н	100 VAC	With surge voltage	
J	110 VAC	suppressor	





Conduit

voltage

With surge

suppressor

200 VAC

24 VDC

100 VAC

110 VAC

s

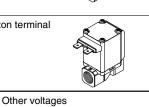
Т

U

Z



V	200 VAC	
W	230 VAC	
Y	24 VDC	Faston termina



For other special options, refer to

page 20.	
	24 VAC
	48 VAC
Special voltage	220 VAC
	240 VAC
	12 VDC
DIN terminal with li	ght
Conduit terminal w	ith light
Without DIN conne	ctor
G thread	
NPT thread	
With bracket	

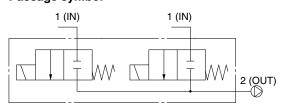
Dimensions→ Page 26 (Single unit)



\* For the fluid other than air and medium vacuum, please contact SMC.

#### **Model/Valve Specifications**

N.C.
Passage symbol

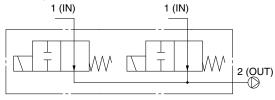




Individual SUP type

N.O.

Passage symbol



Individual SUP type

Refer to "Glossary of Terms" on page 31 for passage symbols.

#### Normally Closed (N.C.)

Size	Orifice diameter (mmø)	Model		Maximum operating pressure differential			
Size	Office diameter (filling)	iviodei	C [dm <sup>3</sup> /(s·bar)]	b	Cv	(MPa)	
	2		0.63	0.63	0.23	1.0	
1	3	VX2A4	1.05	0.68	0.41	0.6	
	5		2.20	0.39	0.62	0.2	
2	4	VX2B4	1.90	0.52	0.62	1.0	
	7	V / Z D 4	3.99	0.44	1.08	0.15	
2	5	VX2C4	1.96	0.55	0.75	1.0	
3	7	V A204	3.99	0.44	1.08	0.3	

Normally Open (N.O.)

	Normany Open (N.O.)									
	Size	Ouifice disperstant (mans)	Model		Maximum operating					
Size		Orifice diameter (mmø)	iviouei	C [dm <sup>3</sup> /(s·bar)]	b	Cv	pressure differential (MPa)			
		2		0.63	0.63	0.23	0.9			
	1	3	VX2D4	1.05	0.68	0.41	0.45			
	5		2.20	0.39	0.62	0.2				
	2	4	VX2E4	1.90	0.52	0.62	0.8			
		7	V A 2 E 4	3.99	0.44	1.08	0.15			
	3	5	VX2F4	1.96	0.55	0.75	0.8			
	3	7	V A 2 F 4	3.99	0.44	1.08	0.3			

#### Fluid and Ambient Temperature

Fluid temperature (°C)	Ambient temperature (°C)
1 to 60 Note)	-20 to 60

Note) With no freezing

#### Valve Leakage

Internal Leakage

Seal material	Leakage rate Note)		
FKM	10 <sup>-6</sup> Pa⋅m³/sec or less		

**External Leakage** 

External Edakage	
Seal material	Leakage rate Note)
FKM	10 <sup>-6</sup> Pa⋅m <sup>3</sup> /sec or less

Note) Leakage ( $10^{-6}$ Pa·m³/sec) is the value at differential pressure 0.1 MPa and ambient temperature  $20^{\circ}$ C.



For Water

Ö

Fo

For Steam

Construction

Dimensions

FKM

#### How to Order (Solenoid Valve for Manifold)

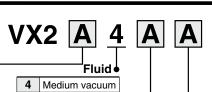
Seal material

Oil-free Non-leak

#### ( F RoHS

**Common Specifications** 

Coil insulation type Class B



Coil size/Valve type

Valve type

N.C.

N.O.

Symbol

D

Size

Size 1

	Body	/ material/0	Orifice diameter
	Symbol	Body material	Orifice diameter
	Α		2
	В	Resin	3
~ .			5

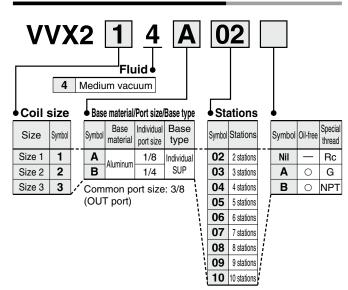
Size 2	В	N.C.		Α	Resin	4
Size z	E	N.O.	L	В	nesiii	7

Size 3	С	N.C.	[	Α	Resin	5
Size 3	F	N.O.		В	1163111	7

For other special options, refer to page 20

page 20.						
	24 VAC					
Special voltage	48 VAC					
	220 VAC					
	240 VAC					
	12 VDC					
DIN terminal with li	ght					
Conduit terminal with light						
Without DIN connector						

#### Manifold Base/How to Order



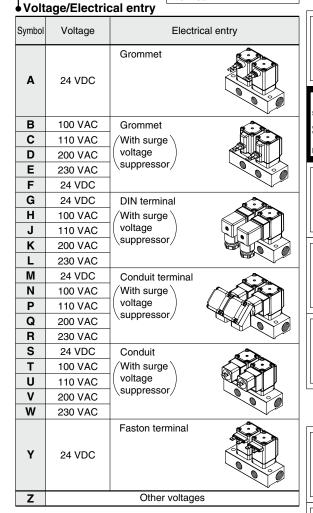
#### Blanking Plate Assembly Part No.

For size 1 VVX021S-4A-F

For size 2 VVX022S - 4A-F

For size 3 VVX023S - 4A - F

Dimensions → Page 29



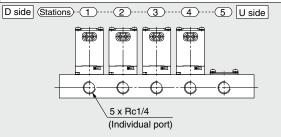
#### How to Order Manifold Assembly (Example)

Enter the valve and blanking plate to be mounted under the manifold base part number.



VVX214B05.....1 \*VX2A4AA ......4 \*VVX021S-4A-F .....1

> "\*" is the symbol for mounting. Add an "\*" in front of the part numbers for solenoid valves, etc. to be mounted.



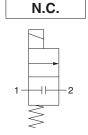
Enter the product's part number in order, counting the 1st station from the D side (left in the manifold arrangement, when viewing the individual port in front).



This valve can also be used for the air. (Refer to the valve specifications for the air.)

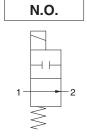
#### Model/Valve Specifications

#### Passage symbol





#### Passage symbol





Refer to "Glossary of Terms" on page 31 for passage symbols.

Refer to "Glossary of Terms" on page 31 for passage symbols.

#### **Normally Closed (N.C.)**

Size	Port size	Orifice diameter (mmø)	Model	Flow-rate ch AV (x 10 <sup>-6</sup> m <sup>2</sup> )	aracteristics Conversion Cv	Maximum operating pressure differential (MPa)	Weight Note) (g)
		2		5.5	0.23	1	300
1	1/8, 1/4	3	VX212	10.0	0.42	0.6	300
		5		15.0	0.63	0.2	300
2	1/4, 3/8	4	VX222	15.0	0.63	1	460
	1/4, 3/6	7		26.0	1.08	0.15	460
		5		18.0	0.75	1	580
3	1/4, 3/8	VX232	38.0	1.58	0.3	580	
3		10	V A Z 3 Z	53.0	2.21	0.1	580
	1/2	10		53.0	2.21	0.1	630

#### Normally Open (N.O.)

Size	Port size	Orifice diameter	Model		Maximum operating	Weight <sup>Note)</sup>	
Oizo	1 011 3120	(mmø)	Wodel	AV (x 10 <sup>-6</sup> m <sup>2</sup> )	Conversion Cv	pressure differential (MPa)	(g)
		2		5.5	0.23	0.9	320
1	1/8, 1/4	3	VX242	10.0	0.42	0.45	320
		5		15.0	0.63	0.2	320
2	1/4, 3/8	4	VX252	15.0	0.63	0.8	490
	1/4, 3/6	7	V A 252	26.0	1.08	0.15	490
3	1/4 0/0	5	VX262	18.0	0.75	0.8	620
3	1/4, 3/8	8	V A 202	38.0	1.58	0.3	620

Note) Weight of grommet type. Add 10 g for conduit type, 30 g for DIN terminal type, 60 g for conduit terminal type respectively.

#### Fluid and Ambient Temperature

Fluid temperature (°C)	Ambient temperature (°C)
1 to 60 <sup>Note)</sup>	-20 to 60

Note) With no freezing

#### Valve Leakage

#### **Internal Leakage**

Seal material Note 2)	Leakage rate (Water) Note 1)
NBR (FKM)	0.1 cm <sup>3</sup> /min or less

#### **External Leakage**

Seal material Note 2)	Leakage rate (Water) Note 1)
NBR (FKM)	0.1 cm <sup>3</sup> /min or less

Note 1) Leakage is the value at ambient temperature 20°C.

Note 2) For seal material/FKM, refer to "Other options" on page 20 for the selection.



<sup>•</sup> Refer to "Glossary of Terms" on page 31 for details on the maximum operating pressure differential.

#### Direct Operated 2 Port Solenoid Valve Series VX21/22/23

#### **How to Order (Single Unit)**

VX2 2 Water

Body material/Port size/Orifice diameter

1/8

1/4

Stainless

Common Specifications					
Seal material	NBR				
Coil insulation type	Class B				
Thread type	Rc				

Symbol	Valve type		Symbol	Body material	Port size	Orifice diameter	Symbol	Voltage	
1	N.C.		Α			2			Grom
•	IN.O.		В		1/8	3			
4	N.O.		C	C37		5	Α	24 VDC	
7	N.O.		D	037		2			
		\	E		1/4	3			
		Ì	F			5	В	100 VAC	Gromi

2

3

			\	K	Stainless		5
			\	L	steel		2
				М		1/4	3
			į	N			5
	2	2 N.C.		Α		1/4 3/8	4
Size 2				В	C37		7
Size 2	5	NO		D			4
	5 N.O.		Е		3/0	7	

н

Coil size/Valve type

Size 1

		``	L	Sieei	3/8	4	
			/	M		3/0	7
	_	NO	T	Α			5
Size 3	3	N.C.		В		1/4	8
Size 3	6	N.O.		С			10 (N.C. only)
	6	IN.O.		D	C37		5
			1	Е		3/8	8
			1	F			10 (N.C. only)
			į	G		1/2	10 (N.C. only)
			Ì	Н			5
			1	J		1/4	8
			\	K	04-:1		10 (N.C. only)
			\	L	Stainless steel		5
				M		3/8	8
			į	N			10 (N.C. only)

Р

Symbol	Voltage	Electrical entry			
A	24 VDC	Grommet			
В	100 VAC	Grommet			
С	110 VAC	With surge voltage			
D	200 VAC	suppressor			
Е	230 VAC				
F	24 VDC				
G	24 VDC	DIN terminal			
Н	100 VAC	With surge voltage			
J	110 VAC	suppressor			
K	200 VAC				
L	230 VAC				
М	24 VDC	Conduit terminal			
N	100 VAC	With surge voltage			
Р	110 VAC	\suppressor/ / Suppressor/			
Q	200 VAC				
R	230 VAC				
S	24 VDC	Conduit			
Т	100 VAC	With surge voltage			
U	110 VAC	suppressor			
V	200 VAC				
W	230 VAC				
Y	24 VDC	Faston terminal			
Z		Other voltages			

#### For other special options, refer

to page 20.						
	24 VAC					
Special voltage	48 VAC					
	220 VAC					
	240 VAC					
	12 VDC					
DIN terminal with lig	ght					
Conduit terminal with light						
Without DIN connec	ctor					
Applicable to deionized v	vater (Seal material: FKM)					
Oil-free						
G thread	G thread					
NPT thread	NPT thread					
With bracket						

Dimensions → Page 26 (Single unit)



10 (N.C. only)



This valve can also be used for the air or water. (Refer to the valve specifications for the air or water.)

#### -<u></u> Mhen the fluid is oil.

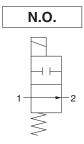
The kinematic viscosity must not exceed 50 mm<sup>2</sup>/s. The special construction of the armature adopted in the built-in full-wave rectifier type gives an improvement in OFF response by providing clearance on the absorbed surface when it is switched ON.

#### Model/Valve Specifications

#### Passage symbol



Passage symbol





Refer to "Glossary of Terms" on page 31 for passage symbols.

Refer to "Glossary of Terms" on page 31 for passage symbols.

#### Normally Closed (N.C.)

Size	Port size	Orifice diameter	er Model Flow-rate of		aracteristics	Maximum operating pressure differential	Weight Note)
Oize	1 011 3126	(mmø)	Woder	AV (x 10 <sup>-6</sup> m <sup>2</sup> )	Conversion Cv	(MPa)	(g)
		2		5.5	0.23	1	300
1	1/8, 1/4	3	VX213	10.0	0.42	0.6	300
		5		15.0	0.63	0.2	300
2	1/4 0/0	4	VX223	15.0	0.63	1	460
	1/4, 3/8	7		26.0	1.08	0.15	460
		5		18.0	0.75	1	580
3	1/4, 3/8	8	VVOOO	38.0	1.58	0.3	580
3		10	VX233	53.0	2.21	0.1	580
	1/2	10		53.0	2.21	0.1	630

#### Normally Open (N.O.)

- · / -   · · /							
Size	Port size	Orifice diameter	Model	Flow-rate characteristics		Maximum operating pressure differential	Weight Note)
Oize	T OIT SIZE	(mmø)	Wodel	AV (x 10 <sup>-6</sup> m <sup>2</sup> )	Conversion Cv	(MPa)	(g)
		2		5.5	0.23	0.9	320
1	1/8, 1/4	3	VX243	10.0	0.42	0.45	320
		5		15.0	0.63	0.2	320
2	1/4	4	VX253	15.0	0.63	0.8	490
	1/4	7	VX253	26.0	1.08	0.15	490
3	1/4, 3/8	5	VX263	18.0	0.75	0.8	620
3	1/4, 3/8	8	V A 203	38.0	1.58	0.3	620

Note) Weight of grommet type. Add 10 g for conduit type, 30 g for DIN terminal type, 60 g for conduit terminal type respectively.

#### Fluid and Ambient Temperature

Fluid temperature (°C)	Ambient temperature (°C)
-5 Note) to 60	-20 to 60

Note) Kinematic viscosity: 50 mm<sup>2</sup>/s or less

#### Valve Leakage

#### **Internal Leakage**

Seal material	Leakage rate (Oil) Note)	
FKM	0.1 cm <sup>3</sup> /min or less	

#### **External Leakage**

Seal material	Leakage rate (Oil) Note)
FKM	0.1 cm <sup>3</sup> /min or less

Note) Leakage is the value at ambient temperature 20  $^{\circ}\text{C}.$ 



<sup>•</sup> Refer to "Glossary of Terms" on page 31 for details on the maximum operating pressure differential.

#### Direct Operated 2 Port Solenoid Valve Series VX21/22/23



#### **How to Order**





For Water Vacuum For Air

For Steam For Oil

Dimensions Construction

CCR	опо	
Common Specific	cations	cifications
Seal material	FKM	٦

VX2	2 [	1	<u>3</u>	A	<b>A</b>
		Flu	id∳		
	3	Oi	I		

Orifice

diameter

2

3

5

Body material/Port size/Orifice diameter

Port size

1/8

Body

material

Α

В

С

Coil insulation type Class B
Thread type Rc

Voltage	/Electrical	entrv

Symbol	Voltage	Electrical entry
A	24 VDC	Grommet
В	100 VAC	Grommet
С	110 VAC	With surge voltage
D	200 VAC	suppressor
E	230 VAC	
F	24 VDC	
G	24 VDC	DIN terminal
Н	100 VAC	With surge voltage
J	110 VAC	suppressor
K	200 VAC	
L	230 VAC	
М	24 VDC	Conduit terminal
N	100 VAC	With surge voltage
Р	110 VAC	suppressor
Q	200 VAC	
R	230 VAC	
S	24 VDC	Conduit
Т	100 VAC	With surge voltage
U	110 VAC	suppressor
٧	200 VAC	
W	230 VAC	
Υ	24 VDC	Faston terminal
Z		Other voltages

For other special options, refer to

page 20.				
Special voltage	24 VAC			
	48 VAC			
	220 VAC			
	240 VAC			
	12 VDC			
DIN terminal with light				
Conduit terminal with light				
Without DIN connector				
Oil-free				
G thread				
NPT thread				
With bracket				
Without DIN connector Oil-free G thread NPT thread				

4 N.O. C37 D 2 Ε 1/4 3 F 5 Н 2 J 1/8 3 Κ 5 Stainless L steel 2 М 1/4 3 N 5 Α 4 2 N.C. 1/4 В C37 Size 2 D 4 5 N.O. 3/8 Ε Н 4 1/4 7 Stainless L 4 3/8 М 7 Α 5 N.C. 3

В

С

Coil size/Valve type

1

Size 1

Size 3

6

Symbol Valve type

N.C.

N.O. D C37 5 Ε 3/8 8 F 10 (N.C. only) G 1/2 10 (N.C. only) Н 5 J 1/4 8 10 (N.C. only) Κ Stainless steel L 5 М 3/8 8 N 10 (N.C. only) Р 1/2 10 (N.C. only)

1/4

8

10 (N.C. only)

Dimensions → Page 26 (Single unit)





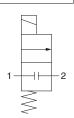
\* This valve can also be used for the heated water.

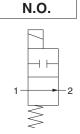
#### **Model/Valve Specifications**

#### Passage symbol

#### Passage symbol









Refer to "Glossary of Terms" on page 31 for passage symbols.

#### Normally Closed (N.C.)

Size	Port size	Orifice diameter Model Flow-rate characteristics		Maximum operating pressure differential	vveigni		
0.20	1 011 0120	(mmø)	Wodol	AV (x 10 <sup>-6</sup> m <sup>2</sup> )	Conversion Cv	(MPa)	(g)
		2		5.5	0.23	1	300
1	1/8, 1/4	3	VX215 VX225	10.0	0.42	0.6	300
		5		15.0	0.63	0.2	300
2	1/4, 3/8	4		15.0	0.63	1	460
	1/4, 3/6	7		26.0	1.08	0.15	460
		5		18.0	0.75	1	580
3	1/4, 3/8	8	VX235	38.0	1.58	0.3	580
3		10	VA235	53.0	2.21	0.1	580
	1/2	10		53.0	2.21	0.1	630

#### Normally Open (N.O.)

Size	Port size	Orifice diameter (mmø)	Model			Maximum operating pressure differential	vveigni
		(1111110)		AV (x 10 <sup>-6</sup> m <sup>2</sup> )	Conversion Cv	(MPa)	(g)
		2		5.5	0.23	0.9	320
1	1/8, 1/4	3	VX245	10.0	0.42	0.45	320
		5		15.0	0.63	0.2	320
2	1/4, 3/8	4	VX255	15.0	0.63	0.8	490
	1/4, 3/6	7		26.0	1.08	0.15	490
3	1/4 0/0	5	VX265	18.0	0.75	0.8	620
3	1/4, 3/8	8	V A 205	38.0	1.58	0.3	620

Note) Weight of grommet type. Add 10 g for conduit type, 60 g for conduit terminal type respectively.

#### **Fluid and Ambient Temperature**

Fluid temperature (°C)	Ambient temperature (°C)
Steam: 183 or less	-20 to 60
Heated water: 99 or less	-20 10 00

#### Valve Leakage

#### **Internal Leakage**

Steam FKM for high temperature 1.0 cm <sup>3</sup> /min or less	Fluid	Seal material	Leakage rate
- Frivi loi nigri temperature	Steam	EKM for high tomporature	1.0 cm <sup>3</sup> /min or less
Heated water 0.1 cm <sup>3</sup> /min or less	Heated water	Fraisi for high temperature	0.1 cm <sup>3</sup> /min or less

#### **External Leakage**

Fluid	Seal material	Leakage rate
Steam	FKM for high temperature	1.0 cm <sup>3</sup> /min or less
Heated water	rkivi ioi niign temperature	0.1 cm <sup>3</sup> /min or less

#### How to Order (Single Unit)

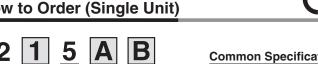
> 2 3

> > 5

2

3

**SMC** 



V	(2	1	<u>5</u>	A	В
		Flu	id		
5	5	Steam			
* Ca	n be use	d with h	eated v	vater.	

**■** Body material/Port size/Orifice diameter Orifice

1/4

Size	Symbol	Valve type		Symbol	Body material	Port size	
	1	N.C.		A B		1/8	
Size 1				С		1/0	
	4	N.O.		D	C37		
			\	Е		1/4	
			/	F			
			,	Н			
			\	J		1/8	
			\	K	Stainless		

			7				)
Size 2	2	N.C.	Α	1/4	4		
				В	C37	1/4	7
	5	N.O.		<b>D</b> C37	3/8	4	
	3	N.O.	Е			7	
			\	Н		1/4	4
			Ì	J	Stainless	1/4	7
			\	L	steel	3/8	4
				М		3/0	7

M

N

steel

Size 3	3	N.C.
	6	N.O.

Coil size/Valve type

Α			5
В		1/4	8
С			10 (Only N.C.)
D	C37		5
E		3/8	8
F			10 (Only N.C.)
G		1/2	10 (Only N.C.)
Н			5
J	Stainless steel	1/4	8
K			10 (Only N.C.)
L			5
M		3/8	8
N			10 (Only N.C.)
Р		1/2	10 (Only N.C.)

**Common Specifications** 

Seal material	FKM for high temperature
Coil insulation type	Class H
Thread type	Rc

Voltage/Electrical entry

Symbol	Voltage	Electrical entry	
В	100 VAC	Grommet	
С	110 VAC	With surge voltage	
D	200 VAC	\suppressor/	
Е	230 VAC		
N	100 VAC	Conduit terminal	
Р	110 VAC	With surge voltage suppressor	
Q	200 VAC		
R	230 VAC		
Т	100 VAC	Conduit	
U	110 VAC	With surge voltage	
V	200 VAC	\suppressor/	
W	230 VAC		
Z	Other voltages		

\* DIN terminal, Faston terminal or DC specification are not available.

For other special options, refer to

page 20.				
Special voltage	24 VAC			
	48 VAC			
	220 VAC			
	240 VAC			
Conduit terminal with light				
Oil-free				
G thread				
NPT thread				
With bracket				

For Water

#### Other Special Options

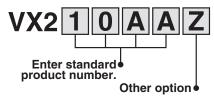
Electrical options (Special voltage, with light)

## VX2 1 0 A Z 1A Enter standard product number. Electrical option

Special voltage/Electrical entry/Electrical option

Specifi- cation	Symbol	Voltage	Electrical entry
	1A	48 VAC	
	1B	220 VAC	Grommet
	1C	240 VAC	(With surge voltage suppressor)
	1U	24 VAC	
	1D	12 VDC	Grommet
	1E	12 VDC	Grommet (With surge voltage suppressor)
	1F	48 VAC	
	1G	220 VAC	DIN terminal
ge	1H	240 VAC	(With surge voltage suppressor)
Special voltage	1V	24 VAC	
<u>~</u>	1J	12 VDC	
eci	1K	48 VAC	
Sp	1L	220 VAC	Conduit terminal
	1M	240 VAC	(With surge voltage suppressor)
	1W	24 VAC	
	1N	12 VDC	
	1P	48 VAC	
	1Q	220 VAC	Conduit
	1R	240 VAC	(With surge voltage suppressor)
	1Y	24 VAC	
	15	12 VDC	Faston terminal
	1T	12 VDC	Fasion terminal
	2A 2B	24 VDC	
		100 VAC	
	2C 2D	110 VAC	
	2E	200 VAC 230 VAC	DIN terminal
	2F	48 VAC	(With surge voltage suppressor)
	2G	220 VAC	(****** cargo remage capprocess)
	2H	240 VAC	
<u>+</u>	2V	24 VAC	
With light	2J	12 VDC	
/it	2K	24 VDC	
>	2L	100 VAC	
	2M	110 VAC	
	2N	200 VAC	
	2P	230 VAC	Conduit terminal
	2Q	48 VAC	(With surge voltage suppressor)
	2R	220 VAC	
	2S	240 VAC	
	2W	24 VAC	
	2T	12 VDC	
	3A	24 VDC	
ior	3B	100 VAC	
Jec	3C	110 VAC	
onr	3D	200 VAC	
Z	3E	230 VAC	DIN terminal
t D	3F	48 VAC	(With surge voltage suppressor)
inot	3G	220 VAC	
Without DIN connector	3H	240 VAC	
	3V	24 VAC	
	3J	12 VDC	

Other options
(Low concentration ozone resistant and applicable to deionized water, Oil-free, Port thread)



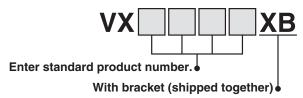
Low concentration ozone resistant and applicable to deionized water/Oil-free/Port thread

Symbol	Low concentration ozone resistant and applicable to deionized water *1 (Seal material: FKM)	Oil-free	Port thread
Nil	_	_	Rc, One-touch fitting*2
Α			G
В	_		NPT
С	0	_	Rc, One-touch fitting*2
D			G
E	<del>_</del>		NPT
F			G
G	O	_	NPT
Н			Rc, One-touch fitting*2
K	0	0	G
L			NPT
Z	_	0	Rc, One-touch fitting*2

- \*1 Applicable to air (VX2□0) and water (VX2□2)
- \*2 When the body is resin, one-touch fittings are equipped.

#### With Bracket (shipped together)

- \*1 Only for C37 and stainless steel body materials.
  (When the fluid is air and the metal body type with bracket is necessary, select C37 and stainless steel body materials from model for water. Resin body type is provided with bracket as standard.)
- \*2 When the orifice is ø8, ø10, and the body port size is 1/4 or 3/8, use a foot type bracket. (The old VX series is not compatible. If the body port size is 1/2, there are no XB settings (Refer to the following).
- \*3 On the bottom side of the standard body, there are no mounting holes. Please be careful because the bracket cannot be retrofit. (Please inquire separately regarding mounting holes on the bottom side of the body.)

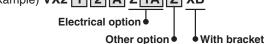


Bracket interchangeable with an old type

Diacke	bracket interchangeable with an old type					
Size	Port size	Orifice diameter (mmø)	Bracket interchangeable with an old type			
		2	O (Interchangeable)			
1	1/8, 1/4	3	O (Interchangeable)			
		5	O (Interchangeable)			
2	1/4, 3/8	4	O (Interchangeable)			
		1/4, 3/6	1/4, 3/0	7	O (Interchangeable)	
		5	O (Interchangeable)			
3	1/4, 3/8	8	× (Not interchangeable)*2			
		10	× (Not interchangeable)*2			
	1/2	10	*2			

\* Enter symbols in the order below when ordering a combination of electrical option, other option and with bracket.

Example) VX2 1 2 A Z 1 Z XB

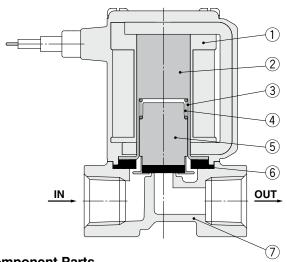




#### **Construction/Single Unit**

Normally Closed (N.C.)

Body material: Aluminum, C37, Stainless steel

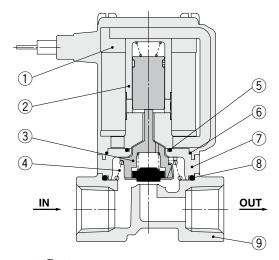


**Component Parts** 

No.	Description	Material
1	Solenoid coil	Cu + Fe + Resin
2	Core	Fe
3	Tube	Stainless steel
4	Spring	Stainless steel
5	Armature assembly	NBR, FKM, Stainless steel
6	Seal	NBR, FKM
7	Body	Aluminum, C37, Stainless steel

#### Normally Open (N.O.)

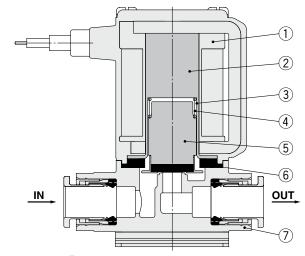
Body material: Aluminum, C37, Stainless steel



#### **Component Parts**

0011	ipoliciit i arts	
No.	Description	Material
1	Solenoid coil	Cu + Fe + Resin
2	Sleeve assembly	Stainless steel, Resin (PPS)
3	Push rod assembly	Resin (PPS), Stainless steel, NBR, FKM
4	Spring	Stainless steel
5	O-ring A	NBR, FKM
6	O-ring B	NBR, FKM
7	Adapter	Resin (PPS)
8	O-ring C	NBR, FKM
9	Body	Aluminum, C37, Stainless steel

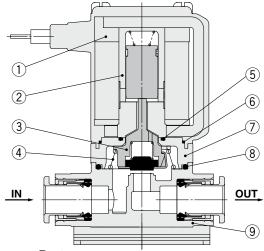
#### Body material: Resin



**Component Parts** 

	p =	
No.	Description	Material
1	Solenoid coil	Cu + Fe + Resin
2	Core	Fe
3	Tube	Stainless steel
4	Spring	Stainless steel
5	Armature assembly	NBR, Stainless steel
6	Seal	NBR, FKM
7	Body	Resin (PBT)

#### **Body material: Resin**



**Component Parts** 

0011	ipoliciit i alto	
No.	Description	Material
1	Solenoid coil	Cu + Fe + Resin
2	Sleeve assembly	Stainless steel, Resin (PPS)
3	Push rod assembly	Resin (PPS), Stainless steel, NBR, FKM
4	Spring	Stainless steel
5	O-ring A	NBR, FKM
6	O-ring B	NBR, FKM
7	Adapter	Resin (PPS)
8	O-ring C	NBR, FKM
9	Body	Resin (PBT)

For Air

For Medium Vacuum

For Water

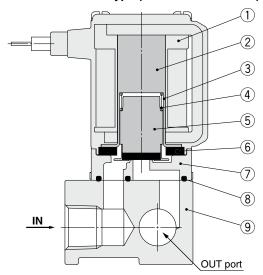
For Oil

For Steam

#### Construction/Manifold

# Normally Closed (N.C.) Base material: Aluminum Common SUP type (for air) 3 4 5 6 7 OUT

#### Individual SUP type (for medium vacuum)



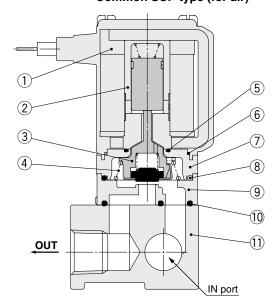
#### **Component Parts**

	ipononii anto	
No.	Description	Material
1	Solenoid coil	Cu + Fe + Resin
2	Core	Fe
3	Tube	Stainless steel
4	Spring	Stainless steel
5	Armature assembly	NBR, FKM, Stainless steel
6	Seal	NBR, FKM
7	Body	Resin (PPS)
8	Gasket	NBR, FKM
9	Base	Aluminum

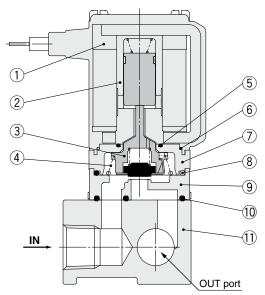
IN port

#### Normally Open (N.O.)

Base material: Aluminum Common SUP type (for air)



#### Individual SUP type (for medium vacuum)



#### **Component Parts**

No.	Description	Material
1	Solenoid coil	Cu + Fe + Resin
2	Sleeve assembly	Stainless steel, Resin (PPS)
3	Push rod assembly	Resin (PPS), Stainless steel, NBR, FKM
4	Spring	Stainless steel
5	O-ring A	NBR, FKM
6	O-ring B	NBR, FKM

No.	Description	Material
7	Adapter	Resin (PPS)
8	O-ring C	NBR, FKM
9	Body	Resin (PPS)
10	Gasket	NBR, FKM
11	Base	Aluminum

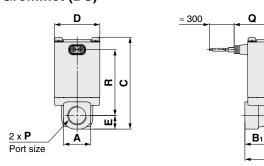


Specifications

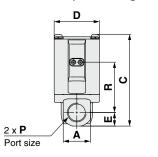
For Air

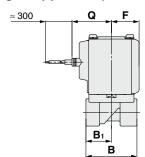
#### **Dimensions/Body Material: Aluminum**

#### **Grommet (DC)**

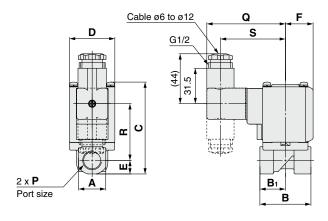


#### **Grommet (with surge voltage suppressor)**

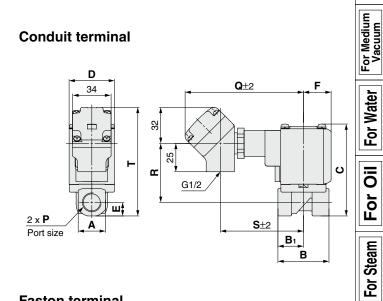




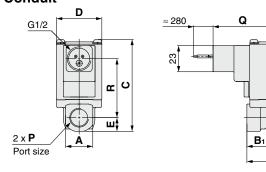
#### **DIN terminal**



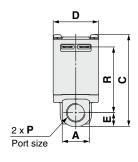
#### **Conduit terminal**

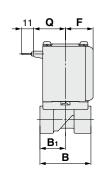


#### Conduit



#### **Faston terminal**





Construction

Dimensions

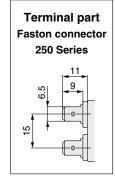
	(mm)														
										Electric	cal entry				
Size	Port size	A	В	B <sub>1</sub>	С	D	E	F	G	Grommet	sur	mmet (with ge voltage ppressor)			
										R	Q	R			
1	1/8, 1/4	19	43	21	61 (67)	30	9.5	20	27	42 (47.5)	30	28.5 (34)			
2	1/4, 3/8	24	45	22.5	76 (84)	35	12	22	29.5	53.5 (61.5)	32.5	39.5 (47.5)			
3	1/4, 3/8	24	45	22.5	81 (89)	40	12	24.5	32	58 (66.5)	35	44.5 (52.5)			
3	1/2	30	50	25	86.5	40	15	24.5	32	61	35	47.5			

В

В

	D4!		Electrical entry												
Size	Port size		DIN terminal			Conduit te	erminal		(	Conduit	Faston terminal				
	Р	Q	R	S	Q	R	S	T	Q	R	Q	R			
1	1/8, 1/4	64.5	34 (39.5)	52.5	99.5	36 (41.5)	68.5	77 (83)	47.5	36 (41.5)	23	42 (47.5)			
2	1/4, 3/8	67	45 (53)	55	102	47 (55)	71	91 (99)	50	47 (55)	25.5	53.5 (61.5)			
3	1/4, 3/8	69.5	50 (58)	57.5	104.5	52 (60)	73.5	96 (104)	52.5	52 (60)	28	58 (66.5)			
<u> </u>	1/2	69.5	53	57.5	104.5	55	73.5	101.5	52.5	55	28	61			

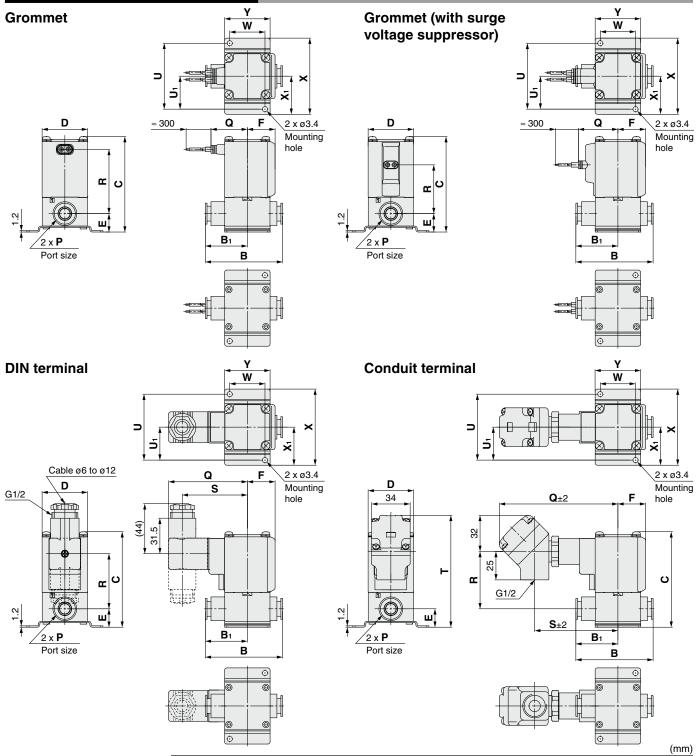
<sup>( ):</sup> Denotes the Normally Open (N.O.) dimensions.







#### **Dimensions/Body Material: Resin**



For information on handling one-touch fittings and appropriate tubing, refer to page 41 and KQ2 series one-touch fittings in Best Pneumatics No. 6.

The KQ2 series information can be downloaded from the following SMC website, http://www.smcworld.com

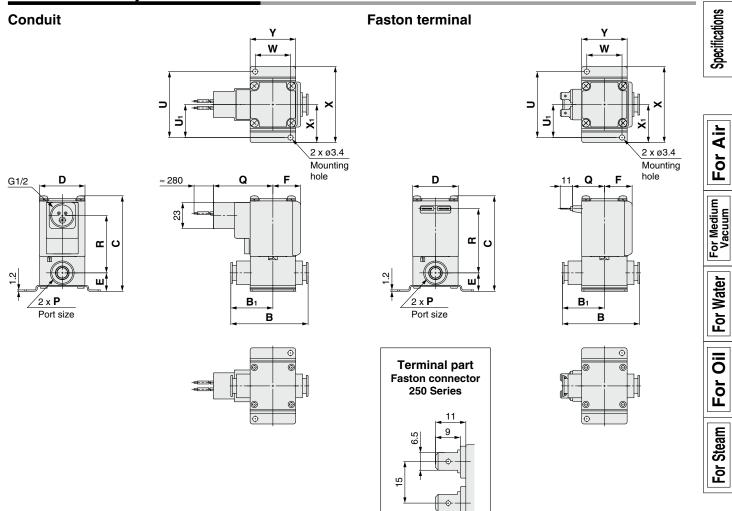
Size	One-touch	В	B₁	<u> </u>	D	_	_	Mounting bracket dimensions							
Size	fitting <b>P</b>	В	ום		ן ט	-	「	U	U₁	W	X	<b>X</b> 1	Υ		
1	ø6, ø8	53.5	29	65.5 (71.5)	30	13.5	20	45	22.5	22	52	26	30		
2	ø8, ø10	66	36	76.5 (84.5)	35	15	22	53	26.5	27	62	31	35		
3	ø10, ø12	68	37	84 (92)	40	16.5	24.5	58	29	31	67	33.5	40		

						Е	lectrical enti	γ						
Size	One-touch fitting <b>P</b>	G	rommet	1	net (with surge e suppressor)		DIN termina	l	Conduit terminal					
		Q	R	Q	R	Q	R	S	Q	R	S	T		
1	ø6, ø8	27	42.5 (48)	30	29 (34.5)	64.5	34.5 (40)	52.5	99.5	36.5 (42)	68.5	81.5 (87)		
2	ø8, ø10	29.5			37 (45)	67	43 (50.5)	55	102	45 (52.5)	71	91.5 (99.5)		
3	ø10, ø12	32	56.5 (65)	35	43 (51)	69.5	48.5 (56.5)	57.5	104.5	50.5 (58.5)	73.5	98.5 (106.5)		

<sup>( ):</sup> Denotes the Normally Open (N.O.) dimensions.



#### **Dimensions/Body Material: Resin**



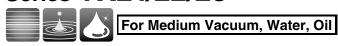
																	(111111)
	One-touch							Mounting bracket dimensions					Electrical entry			•	
Size		В	B <sub>1</sub>	С	D	E	F	Conduit Faston tern						ston terminal			
	fitting <b>P</b>							U	U <sub>1</sub>	W	Х	<b>X</b> 1	Υ	Q	R	Q	R
1	ø6, ø8	53.5	29	65.5 (71.5)	30	13.5	20	45	22.5	22	52	26	30	47.5	36.5 (42)	23	42.5 (48)
2	ø8, ø10	66	36	76.5 (84.5)	35	15	22	53	26.5	27	62	31	35	50	45 (52.5)	25.5	51 (59)
3	ø10. ø12	68	37	84 (92)	40	16.5	24.5	58	29	31	67	33.5	40	52.5	50.5 (58.5)	28	56.5 (65)

<sup>( ):</sup> Denotes the Normally Open (N.O.) dimensions.



Dimensions

25

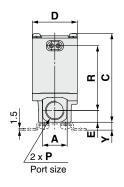


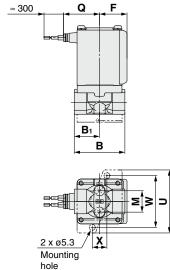
#### **Dimensions/Body Material: C37, Stainless Steel**

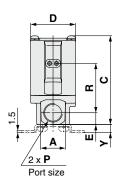
#### Grommet

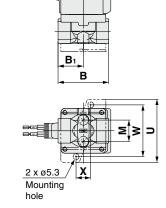
#### **Grommet (with surge voltage suppressor)**

≈ 300

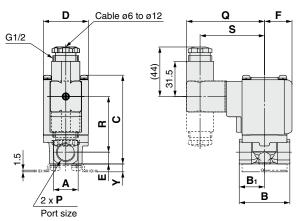


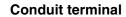


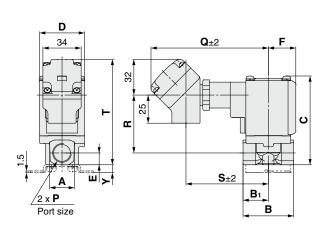


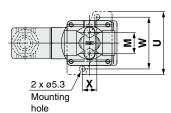


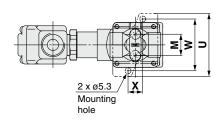
#### **DIN terminal**









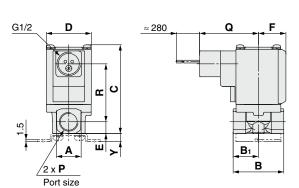


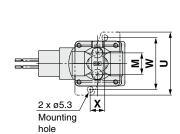
													(mm)	
Size	Port size	_	В	B <sub>1</sub>	_	_	Mounting bracket dimensions							
Size	Р	Α	-	D1	C	D	=	-	M	U	W	Х	Υ	
1	1/8, 1/4	19	43	21	61 (67)	30	9.5	20	12.8	46	36	11	6	
2	1/4, 3/8	22	45	22.5	74.5 (82.5)	35	10.5	22	19	56	46	13	7	
2	1/4, 3/8	22	45	22.5	79 (88)	40	10.5	24.5	19	56	46	13	7	
3	1/2	29.5	50	25	85.5	40	14	24.5	_	_	_	_	_	

	Port size						Electrical entry							
Size			Grommet	Grommet (with surge voltage suppressor)			DIN terminal		Conduit terminal					
		Q	R	Q	R	Q	R	S	Q	R	S	T		
1	1/8, 1/4	27	42 (47.5)	30	28.5 (34)	64.5	34 (39.5)	52.5	99.5	36 (41.5)	68.5	77 (83)		
2	1/4, 3/8	29.5	53.5 (61.5)	32.5	39.5 (47.5)	67	45 (53)	55	102	47 (55)	71	89.5 (97.5)		
3	1/4, 3/8	32	57.5 (67)	35	44 (53)	69.5	49.5 (58.5)	57.5	104.5	51.5 (60.5)	73.5	94 (103)		
3	1/2	32	61	35	47.5	69.5	53	57.5	104.5	55	73.5	100.5		

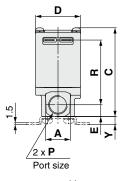
<sup>( ):</sup> Denotes the Normally Open (N.O.) dimensions.

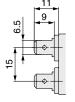
#### Conduit

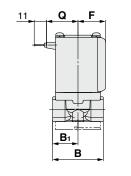


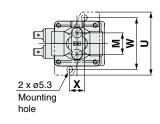


#### **Faston terminal**









For Medium Vacuum

For Water

For Steam For Oil

Construction

**Dimensions** 

													(mm)		
Size	Port size		_	В.	•	_	_	_	Mounting bracket dimensions						
Size	Р	A	В	B <sub>1</sub>	C	D	=	F	M	U	W	Х	Υ		
1	1/8, 1/4	19	43	21	61 (67)	30	9.5	20	12.8	46	36	11	6		
2	1/4, 3/8	22	45	22.5	74.5 (82.5)	35	10.5	22	19	56	46	13	7		
3	1/4, 3/8	22	45	22.5	79 (88)	40	10.5	24.5	19	56	46	13	7		
3	1/2	29.5	50	25	85.5	40	14	24.5	_	_	_	_	_		

	•				<u>'</u>						
	Dowt size	Electrical entry									
Size	Port size		Conduit	Faston terminal							
	•	Q	R	Q	R						
1	1/8, 1/4	47.5	36 (41.5)	23	42 (47.5)						
2	1/4, 3/8	50	47 (55)	25.5	53.5 (61.5)						
3	1/4, 3/8	52.5	51.5 (60.5)	28	57.5 (67)						
<u> </u>	1/2	52.5	55	28	61						

<sup>( ):</sup> Denotes the Normally Open (N.O.) dimensions.



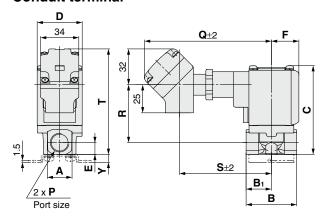


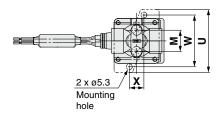
#### **Dimensions/Body Material: C37, Stainless Steel**

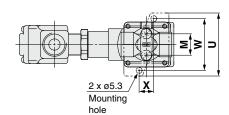
#### Grommet

## For steam and heated water With full-wave rectifier A Port size

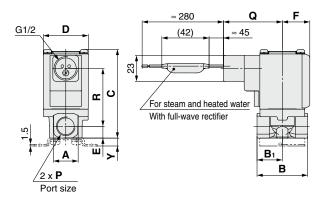
#### **Conduit terminal**

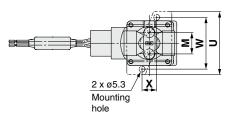






#### Conduit





													(mm)		
Size	Port size		_	Б.	0	D E		_	Mounting bracket dimensions						
Size	P	A	В	B₁	С		E	F	M	U	W	Х	Υ		
1	1/8, 1/4	19	43	21	61 (67)	30	9.5	20	12.8	46	36	11	6		
2	1/4, 3/8	22	45	22.5	74.5 (82.5)	35	10.5	22	19	56	46	13	7		
2	1/4, 3/8	22	45	22.5	79 (88)	40	10.5	24.5	19	56	46	13	7		
3	1/2	29.5	50	25	85.5	40	14	24.5	_	_	_	_	_		

	Port size				Electric	al entry			
Size			Grommet		Conduit	Conduit			
	P	Q		Q	R	S	Т	Q	R
1	1/8, 1/4	27	42 (47.5)	108	36 (41.5)	77	77 (83)	47.5	36 (41.5)
2	1/4, 3/8	29.5	53.5 (61.5)	110.5	47 (55)	79.5	89.5 (97.5)	50	47 (55)
2	1/4, 3/8	32	57.5 (66)	113	51.5 (59.5)	82	94 (103)	52.5	51.5 (59.5)
	1/2	32	61	113	55	82	100.5	52.5	55

<sup>( ):</sup> Denotes the Normally Open (N.O.) dimensions.

DIN terminal and Faston terminal are not available for valves for steam and heated water.

Р

≈ 300

2 x ø**M** 

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Mounting

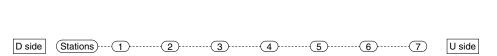
අ ල් ල්

\* D side port does not have a plug.

32

25

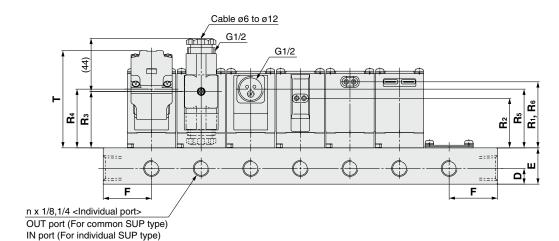
G1/2



≈ 280

L<sub>1</sub>

≈ 300



										(mm)				
C:	Dimensione		n (stations)											
Size	Dimensions	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10				
1	L <sub>1</sub>	86	122	158	194	230	266	302	338	374				
•	L <sub>2</sub>	100	136	172	208	244	280	316	352	388				
2	L <sub>1</sub>	90	126	162	198	234	270	306	342	378				
2	L <sub>2</sub>	108	144	180	216	252	288	324	360	396				
3	L <sub>1</sub>	103	144	185	226	267	308	349	390	431				
	L <sub>2</sub>	121	162	203	244	285	326	367	408	449				

Size	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	Н	J	K	M	N	Р
1	38	15.5	10.5	11	25	32	20	12	7	6.5	50.5 (56.5)	36
2	49	18	13	13	30	36	22	15	9	8.5	60.5 (68.5)	36
3	49	20.5	13	13	30	40	24.5	15	9	8.5	65.5 (73.5)	41

Size	Size Grommet		Grommet (With surge voltage suppressor)		DIN terminal*			Conduit terminal					Conduit	Faston terminal	
	Q <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	Q <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	Qз	Rз	S <sub>1</sub>	Q <sub>4</sub>	R4	S <sub>2</sub>	Т	<b>Q</b> 5	R <sub>5</sub>	Q <sub>6</sub>	R <sub>6</sub>
1	27	40.5 (46.5)	30	27 (33)	64.5	32.5 (38.5)	52.5	99.5	34.5 (40.5)	68.5	66.5 (72)	47.5	34.5 (40.5)	23	40.5 (46.5)
2	29.5	49.5 (57.5)	32.5	36 (44)	67	41.5 (49.5)	55	102	43.5 (51.5)	71	75.5 (83.5)	50	43.5 (51.5)	25.5	49.5 (57.5)
3	32	54.5 (63)	35	41 (49)	69.5	46.5 (55)	57.5	104.5	48.5 (57)	73.5	80.5 (89.5)	52.5	48.5 (57)	28	54.5 (63)

<sup>( ):</sup> Denotes the Normally Open (N.O.) dimensions.

For Water

For Oil

For Steam

Construction

<sup>\*</sup> When using a DIN terminal that faces downward, be careful of interference in the electrical wires and piping.





For Air, Medium Vacuum, Water, Oil

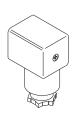
#### **Replacement Parts**

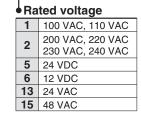
• DIN Connector Part No.

Without electrical option C18312G6GCU

With electrical option (light) GDM2A-L

Electrical option L With light





• Gasket for DIN Connector

VCW20-1-29-1

• Lead Wire Assembly for Faston Terminal (Set of 2 pcs.)

VX021S-1-16FB

# Series VX21/22/23 Glossary of Terms

## **Pressure Terminology**

## 1. Maximum operating pressure differential

The maximum pressure differential (the difference between the inlet and outlet pressure) which is allowed for operation. When the outlet pressure is 0 MPa, this becomes the maximum operating pressure.

#### 2. Minimum operating pressure differential

The minimum pressure differential (the difference between the inlet pressure and outlet pressure) required to keep the main valve fully opened.

## 3. Maximum system pressure

The maximum pressure that can be applied inside the pipelines (line pressure).

[The pressure differential in the solenoid valve portion must be less than the maximum operating pressure differential.]

#### 4. Withstand pressure

The pressure in which the valve must be withstood without a drop in performance after holding for one minute under prescribed (static) pressure and returning to the operating pressure range. [value under the prescribed conditions]

## **Electrical Terminology**

#### 1. Surge voltage

A high voltage which is momentarily generated by shutting off the power in the shut-off area.

#### 2. Enclosure

A degree of protection defined in the "JIS C 0920: Waterproof test of electric machinery/appliance and the degree of protection against the intrusion of solid foreign objects."

Verify the degree of protection for each product.



#### • First Characteristics:

## Degrees of protection against solid foreign objects

0	Non-protected
1	Protected against solid foreign objects of 50 mmø and greater
2	Protected against solid foreign objects of 12 mmø and greater
3	Protected against solid foreign objects of 2.5 mmø and greater
4	Protected against solid foreign objects of 1.0 mmø and greater
5	Dust-protected
6	Dust-tight

# Second Characteristics: Degrees of protection against

## Degrees of protection against water

	0	Non-protected	_
	1	Protected against vertically falling water drops	Dripproof type 1
	2	Protected against vertically falling water drops when enclosure tilted up to $15^{\circ}$	Dripproof type 2
	3	Protected against rainfall when enclosure tilted up to 60°	Rainproof type
ſ	4	Protected against splashing water	Splashproof type
	5	Protected against water jets	Water-jet-proof type
ſ	6	Protected against powerful water jets	Powerful water-jet-proof type
ſ	7	Protected against the effects of temporary immersion in water	Immersible type
	8	Protected against the effects of continuous immersion in water	Submersible type

#### Example) IP65: Dust-tight, Water-jet-proof type

"Water-jet-proof type" means that no water intrudes inside an equipment that could hinder from operating normally by means of applying water for 3 minutes in the prescribed manner. Take appropriate protection measures, since a device is not usable in an environment where a droplet of water is splashed constantly.

#### **Others**

#### 1. Material

NBR: Nitrile rubber

FKM: Fluoro rubber - Trade names: Viton®, Dai-el®, etc.

#### 2. Oil-free treatment

The degreasing and washing of wetted parts

#### 3. Passage symbol

In the JIS symbol ( $(\neg\Box\Box\Box)$ ) IN and OUT are in a blocked condition( $\dot{+}$ ), but actually in the case of reverse pressure (OUT>IN), there is a limit to the blocking.

#### **Faston Terminal**

- 1. Faston™ is a trademark of Tyco Electronics Corp.
- 2. For electrical connection of the Faston terminal and molded coil, please use Tyco's "Amp/Faston connector/250 Series" or the equivalent.



# **Solenoid Valve Flow-rate Characteristics 1**

(How to indicate flow-rate characteristics)

## 1. Indication of flow-rate characteristics

The flow-rate characteristics in equipment such as a solenoid valve, etc. are indicated in their specifications as shown in Table (1).

## Table (1) Indication of Flow-rate Characteristics

Corresponding equipment	Indication by international standard	Other indications	Conformed standard
Pneumatic	C, b	_	ISO 6358: 1989 JIS B 8390: 2000
equipment	_	s	JIS B 8390: 2000 Equipment: JIS B 8373, 8374, 8375, 8379, 8381
		Cv	ANSI/(NFPA)T3.21.3: 1990
Process fluid control	Av	_	IEC60534-2-3: 1997 JIS B 2005: 1995
equipment	_	Cv	Equipment: JIS B 8471, 8472, 8473

## 2. Pneumatic equipment

## 2.1 Indication according to the international standards

(1) Conformed standard

ISO 6358: 1989 : Pneumatic fluid power—Components using compressible fluids—

**Determination of flow-rate characteristics** 

JIS B 8390: 2000 : Pneumatic fluid power—Components using compressible fluids—

How to test flow-rate characteristics

(2) Definition of flow-rate characteristics

The flow-rate characteri stics are indicated as a result of a comparison between sonic conductance C and critical pressure ratio **b**.

Sonic conductance **C** 

Value which divides the passing mass flow rate of an equipment in a choked flow condition by the product of the upstream absolute pressure and the density in a

standard condition.

Critical pressure ratio **b**: Pressure ratio (downstream pressure/upstream pressure) which will turn to a choked

flow when the value is smaller than this ratio.

Choked flow : The flow in which the upstream pressure is higher than the downstream pressure and

where sonic speed in a certain part of an equipment is reached.

Gaseous mass flow rate is in proportion to the upstream pressure and not dependent

on the downstream pressure.

Subsonic flow : Flow greater than the critical pressure ratio

Standard condition : Air in a temperature state of 20°C, absolute pressure 0.1 MPa (= 100 kPa = 1 bar),

relative humidity 65%.

It is stipulated by adding the "(ANR)" after the unit depicting air volume.

(standard reference atmosphere)

Conformed standard: ISO 8778: 1990 Pneumatic fluid power—Standard reference atmosphere, JIS B 8393: 2000: Pneumatic fluid power-Standard reference atmosphere

(3) Formula for flow rate

Described by the practical units as following.

When 
$$\frac{P_{2} + 0.1}{P_{1} + 0.1} \le b$$
, choked flow
$$Q = 600 \times C (P_{1} + 0.1) \sqrt{\frac{293}{273 + t}}$$
 (1)

When 
$$\frac{P_2 + 0.1}{P_1 + 0.1} > b$$
, subsonic flow

When 
$$\frac{P_{2} + 0.1}{P_{1} + 0.1} > b$$
, subsonic flow
$$Q = 600 \times C (P_{1} + 0.1) \sqrt{1 - \left[\frac{P_{2} + 0.1}{P_{1} + 0.1} - b\right]^{2}} \sqrt{\frac{293}{273 + t}}$$
....(2)

Q: Air flow rate [dm³/min (ANR)], dm³ (Cubic decimeter) of SI unit are allowed to be described by L (liter).

$$1 \text{ dm}^3 = 1 \text{ L}$$

# Solenoid Valve Flow-rate Characteristics Series VX21/22/23

C: Sonic conductance [dm3/(s·bar)]

b : Critical pressure ratio [—]
P<sub>1</sub> : Upstream pressure [MPa]
P<sub>2</sub> : Downstream pressure [MPa]

t : Temperature [°C]

Note) Formula of subsonic flow is the elliptic analogous curve.

Flow-rate characteristics are shown in Graph (1) For details, please make use of SMC's "Energy Saving Program".

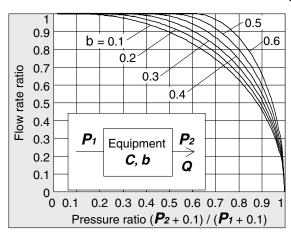
## Example)

Obtain the air flow rate for  $P_1 = 0.4$  [MPa],  $P_2 = 0.3$  [MPa], t = 20 [°C] when a solenoid valve is performed in C = 2 [dm<sup>3</sup>/(s·bar)] and b = 0.3.

According to formula (1), the maximum flow rate = 600 x 2 x (0.4 + 0.1) x  $\sqrt{\frac{293}{273 + 20}}$  = 600 [dm<sup>3</sup>/min (ANR)]

Pressure ratio = 
$$\frac{0.3 + 0.1}{0.4 + 0.1} = 0.8$$

Based on Graph (1), the flow rate ratio will be 0.7 when the pressure ratio is 0.8 and  $\mathbf{b} = 0.3$ . Therefore, flow rate = Maximum flow rate x flow rate ratio = 600 x 0.7 = 420 [dm<sup>3</sup>/min(ANR)]



Graph (1) Flow-rate characteristics

## (4) Test method

Attach a test equipment with the test circuit shown in Fig. (1) while maintaining the upstream pressure to a certain level which does not go below 0.3 MPa. Next, measure the maximum flow to be saturated in the first place, then measure this flow rate at 80%, 60%, 40%, 20% and the upstream and downstream pressure. And then, obtain the sonic conductance  $\boldsymbol{C}$  from this maximum flow rate. Besides that, substitute each data of others for the subsonic flow formula to find  $\boldsymbol{b}$ , then obtain the critical pressure ratio  $\boldsymbol{b}$  from that average.

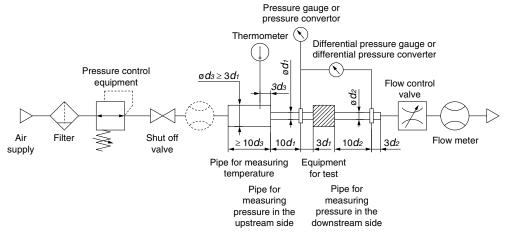


Fig. (1) Test circuit based on ISO 6358, JIS B 8390



# **Solenoid Valve Flow-rate Characteristics 2** (How to indicate flow-rate characteristics)

#### 2.2 Effective area S

#### Conformed standard

JIS B 8390: 2000: Pneumatic fluid power—Components using compressible fluids—

How to test flow-rate characteristics

Equipment standards: JIS B 8373: 2 port solenoid valve for pneumatics

JIS B 8374: 3 port solenoid valve for pneumatics

JIS B 8375: 4 port, 5 port solenoid valve for pneumatics

JIS B 8379: Silencer for pneumatics

JIS B 8381: Fittings of flexible joint for pneumatics

## (2) Definition of flow-rate characteristics

Effective area S: The cross-sectional area having an ideal throttle without friction or without reduced flow. It is deduced from the calculation of the pressure changes inside an air tank when discharging the compressed air in a choked flow, from an equipment attached to the air tank. This is the same concept representing the "easy to run through" as sonic conductance  $\boldsymbol{C}$ .

## (3) Formula for flow rate

When 
$$\frac{P_{2} + 0.1}{P_{1} + 0.1} \le 0.5$$
, choked flow

$$Q = 120 \times S (P_1 + 0.1) \sqrt{\frac{293}{273 + t}}$$
 ....(3)

When 
$$\frac{P_{2} + 0.1}{P_{1} + 0.1} > 0.5$$
, subsonic flow

When 
$$\frac{P_2 + 0.1}{P_1 + 0.1} > 0.5$$
, subsonic flow  $Q = 240 \times S\sqrt{(P_2 + 0.1) (P_1 - P_2)} \sqrt{\frac{293}{273 + t}}$  ....(4)

Conversion with sonic conductance C:

 $S = 5.0 \times C$  .....(5)

**Q**: Air flow rate [dm³/min(ANR)], dm³ (cubic decimeter) of SI unit are allowed to be described by L (liter).  $1 \text{ dm}^3 = 1 \text{ L}$ 

S: Effective area [mm<sup>2</sup>]

**P**<sub>1</sub>: Upstream pressure [MPa]

**P**<sub>2</sub>: Downstream pressure [MPa]

*t*: Temperature [°C]

Note) Formula for subsonic flow (4) is only applicable when the critical pressure ratio **b** is unknown for equipment. In the formula (2) by the sonic conductance  $\boldsymbol{C}$ , it is the same formula as when  $\boldsymbol{b} = 0.5$ .

#### (4) Test method

Attach a test equipment with the test circuit shown in Fig. (2) in order to discharge air into the atmosphere until the pressure inside the air tank goes down to 0.25 MPa (0.2 MPa) from an air tank filled with the compressed air at a certain pressure level (0.5 MPa) which does not go below 0.6 MPa. At this time, measure the discharging time and the residual pressure inside the air tank which had been left until it turned to be the normal values to determine the effective area S, using the following formula. The volume of an air tank should be selected within the specified range by corresponding to the effective area of an equipment for test. In the case of JIS B 8373, 8374, 8375, 8379, 8381, the pressure values are in parentheses and the coefficient of the Power

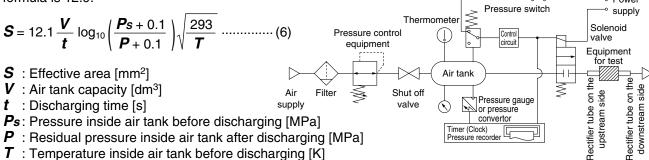


Fig. (2) Test circuit based on JIS B 8390

## 2.3 Flow coefficient CV factor

The United States Standard ANSI/(NFPA)T3.21.3: 1990: Pneumatic fluid power—Flow rating test procedure and reporting method-For fixed orifice components

Defines the flow coefficient, Cv factor by the following formula which is based on the test conducted by the test circuit analogous to ISO 6358.

$$Cv = \frac{Q}{114.5\sqrt{\frac{\Delta P(P_2 + P_a)}{T_1}}}$$
 (7)

 $\Delta P$ : Pressure drop between the static pressure tapping ports [bar]

**P**<sub>1</sub>: Pressure of the upstream tapping port [bar gauge]

 $P_2$ : Pressure of the downstream tapping port [bar gauge]:  $P_2 = P_1 - \Delta P$ 

**Q**: Flow rate [dm<sup>3</sup>/s standard condition]

**Pa**: Atmospheric pressure [bar absolute]

T<sub>1</sub>: Upstream absolute temperature [K]

Test conditions are  $P_1 + P_2 = 6.5 \pm 0.2$  bar absolute,  $T_1 = 297 \pm 5$  K, 0.07 bar  $\leq \Delta P \leq 0.14$  bar.

This is the same concept as effective area  $\mathbf{A}$  which ISO 6358 stipulates as being applicable only when the pressure drop is smaller than the upstream pressure and the compression of air does not become a problem.

## 3. Process fluid control equipment

## (1) Conformed standard

IEC60534-2-3: 1997: Industrial-process control valves. Part 2: Flow capacity, Section Three-Test procedures

JIS B 2005: 1995: How to test flow coefficient of a valve Equipment standards: JIS B 8471: Solenoid valve for water

JIS B 8472: Solenoid valve for steam JIS B 8473: Solenoid valve for fuel oil

## (2) Definition of flow-rate characteristics

**Av** factor: Value of the clean water flow rate represented by m<sup>3</sup>/s which runs through a valve (equipment for test) when the pressure differential is 1 Pa. It is calculated using the following formula.

$$\mathbf{A}\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{Q}\sqrt{\frac{\rho}{\Delta \mathbf{P}}}$$
 .....(8)

Av: Flow coefficient [m2]

 $\mathbf{Q}_{-}$ : Flow rate [m<sup>3</sup>/s]

 $\Delta \mathbf{P}$ : Pressure differential [Pa]  $\rho$ : Fluid density [kg/m<sup>3</sup>]

#### (3) Formula for flow rate

Described by the practical units. Also, the flow-rate characteristics are shown in Graph (2). In the case of liquid:

$$\mathbf{Q} = 1.9 \times 10^6 \,\mathbf{A} \,\mathbf{V} \,\sqrt{\frac{\Delta \mathbf{P}}{\mathbf{G}}} \,...$$

**Q**: Flow rate [L/min]

Av: Flow coefficient [m2]

Δ**P**: Pressure differential [MPa]

**G**: Specific gravity [water = 1]

In the case of saturated steam:

$$Q = 8.3 \times 10^6 \text{ Av } \sqrt{\Delta P (P_2 + 0.1)}$$
 .....(10)

Q: Flow rate [kg/h]

Av: Flow coefficient [m2]

 $\Delta P$ : Pressure differential [MPa]

 $P_1$ : Upstream pressure [MPa]:  $\Delta P = P_1 - P_2$ 

P2: Downstream pressure [MPa]

# Solenoid Valve Flow-rate Characteristics 3 (How to indicate flow-rate characteristics)

Conversion of flow coefficient:

 $Av = 28 \times 10^{-6} Kv = 24 \times 10^{-6} Cv$  .....(11)

Here.

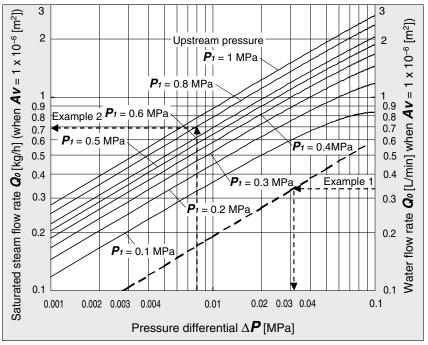
Kv factor : Value of the clean water flow rate represented by m3/h which runs through a

valve at 5 to 40°C, when the pressure differential is 1 bar.

Cv factor (Reference values): Value of the clean water flow rate represented by US gal/min which runs

through a valve at 60°F, when the pressure differential is 1 lbf/in<sup>2</sup> (psi).

Value is different from **Kv** and **Cv** factors for pneumatic purpose due to different test method.



Graph (2) Flow-rate characteristics

#### Example 1)

Obtain the pressure differential when water 15 [L/min] runs through a solenoid valve with an  $\mathbf{A}\mathbf{v} = 45 \times 10^{-6} \text{ [m}^2\text{]}$ . Since  $\mathbf{Q}_0 = 15/45 = 0.33$  [L/min], according to Graph (2), if reading  $\Delta \mathbf{P}$  when  $\mathbf{Q}_0$  is 0.33, it will be 0.031 [MPa].

#### Example 2)

Obtain the saturated steam flow rate when  $P_1 = 0.8$  [MPa],  $\Delta P = 0.008$  [MPa] with a solenoid valve with an  $Av = 1.5 \times 10^{-6}$  [m<sup>2</sup>].

According to Graph (2), if reading  $\mathbf{Q}_0$  when  $\mathbf{P}_1$  is 0.8 and  $\Delta \mathbf{P}$  is 0.008, it is 0.7 [kg/h]. Therefore, the flow rate  $\mathbf{Q} = 0.7 \times 1.5 = 1.05$  [kg/h].

## (4) Test method

Attach a test equipment with the test circuit shown in Fig. (3). Next, pour water at 5 to  $40^{\circ}$ C, then measure the flow rate with a pressure differential of 0.075 MPa. However, the pressure differential needs to be set with a large enough difference so that the Reynolds number does not go below a range of 4 x  $10^{4}$ . By substituting the measurement results for formula (8) to figure out Av.

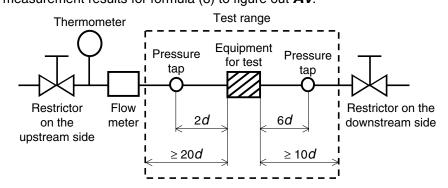


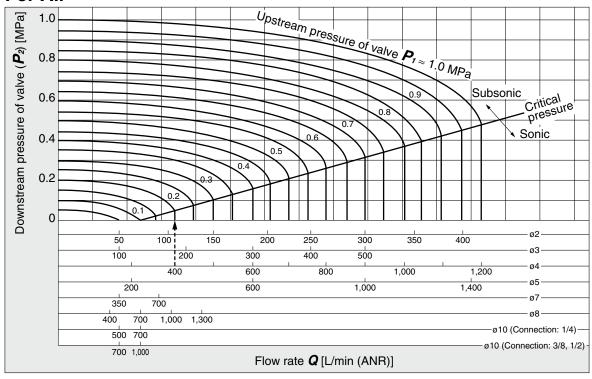
Fig. (3) Test circuit based on IEC60534-2-3, JIS B 2005



# **Flow-rate Characteristics 1**

Note) Use this graph as a guide. In the case of obtaining an accurate flow rate, refer to pages 32 through to 35.

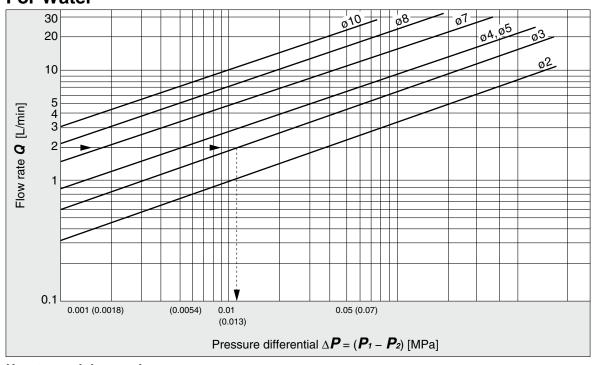
## For Air



## How to read the graph

The sonic range pressure to generate a flow rate of 400 L/min (ANR) is  $P_1 \approx 0.2$  MPa for a ø4 orifice and  $P_1 \approx 0.58$  MPa for a ø3 orifice.

# For Water



## How to read the graph

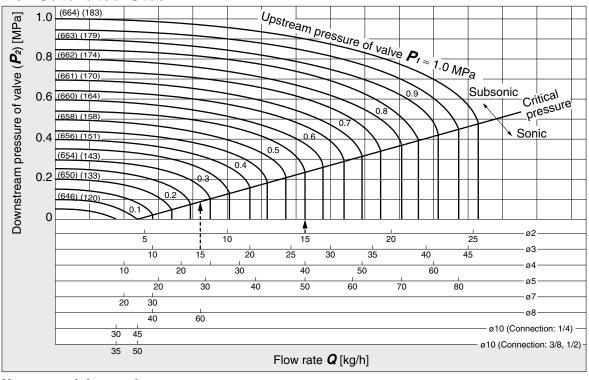
When a water flow of 2 L/min is generated,  $\Delta P \approx 0.013$  MPa for a valve with ø3 orifice.



# Flow-rate Characteristics 2

Note) Use this graph as a guide. In the case of obtaining an accurate flow rate, refer to pages 32 through to 35.

# For Saturated Steam



#### How to read the graph

The sonic range pressure to generate a flow rate of 15 kg/h is P1  $\approx$  0.55 MPa for a ø2 orifice and P1  $\approx$  0.28 MPa for a ø3 orifice. The amount of potential heat varies somewhat based on the pressure P1. At 15 kg/h, there will be approximately 9700 kcal/h of heat.



Be sure to read before handling.

Refer to back cover for Safety Instructions, "Handling Precautions for SMC Products" (M-E03-3) and the Operation Manual for 2 Port Solenoid Valves for Fluid Control Precautions. Please download it via our website, http://www.smcworld.com

Design

# **⚠** Design

1. Cannot be used as an emergency shutoff valve, etc.

The valves presented in this catalog are not designed for safety applications such as an emergency shutoff valve. If the valves are used in this type of system, other reliable safety assurance measures should also be adopted.

#### 2. Extended periods of continuous energization

The solenoid coil will generate heat when continuously energized. Avoid using in a tightly shut container. Install it in a well-ventilated area. Furthermore, do not touch it while it is being energized or right after it is energized.

#### 3. Liquid rings

In cases with a flowing liquid, provide a bypass valve in the system to prevent the liquid from entering the liquid seal circuit.

#### 4. Actuator drive

When an actuator, such as a cylinder, is to be driven using a valve, take appropriate measures to prevent potential danger caused by actuator operation.

#### 5. Pressure (including vacuum) holding

It is not usable for an application such as holding the pressure (including vacuum) inside of a pressure vessel because air leakage is entailed in a valve.

- 6. When the conduit type is used as equivalent to an IP65 enclosure, install a wiring conduit, etc.
- 7. When an impact, such as water hammer, etc., caused by the rapid pressure fluctuation is applied, the solenoid valve may be damaged. Give an attention to it.

Selection

# **⚠** Warning

#### 1. Fluid

#### 1) Type of fluid

Before using a fluid, check whether it is compatible with the materials of each model by referring to the fluids listed in this catalog. Use a fluid with a kinematic viscosity of 50 mm²/s or less. If there is something you do not know, please contact SMC.

## 2) Flammable oil, Gas

Check the specifications for leakage in the interior and/or exterior area.

## 3) Corrosive gas

Cannot be used since it will lead to cracks by stress corrosion or result in other incidents.

- 4) Depending on water quality, a brass body can cause corrosion and internal leakage may occur. If such abnormalities occur, exchange the product for a stainless steel body.
- 5) Use an oil-free specification when any oily particle must not enter the passage.
- 6) Applicable fluid on the list may not be used depending on the operating condition. Give adequate confirmation, and then determine a model, just because the compatibility list shows the general case.

#### Selection

# **Marning**

#### 2. Fluid quality

#### <Air>

#### 1) Use clean air.

Do not use compressed air that contains chemicals, synthetic oils including organic solvents, salt or corrosive gases, etc., as it can cause damage or malfunction.

#### 2) Install an air filter.

Install an air filter close to the valve on the upstream side. A filtration degree of 5  $\mu m$  or less should be selected.

#### 3) Install an aftercooler or air dryer, etc.

Compressed air that contains excessive drainage may cause malfunction of valves and other pneumatic equipment. To prevent this, install an aftercooler or air dryer, etc.

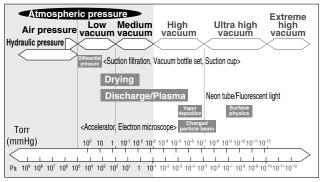
 If excessive carbon powder is generated, eliminate it by installing a mist separator on the upstream side of valves.

If excessive carbon powder is generated by the compressor, it may adhere to the inside of the valves and canse a malfunction.

Refer to Best Pneumatics No.5 for details on compressed air quality.

#### <Vacuum>

Please be aware that there is a range of pressure that can be used



Vacuum piping direction: if the system uses a vacuum pump, we ask that you install the vacuum pump on the secondary side. Also, install a filter on the primary side, and be careful that no foreign material is picked up.

Please replace the valve after operating the device approximately 300,000 times.





Be sure to read before handling.

Refer to back cover for Safety Instructions, "Handling Precautions for SMC Products" (M-E03-3) and the Operation Manual for 2 Port Solenoid Valves for Fluid Control Precautions. Please download it via our website, http://www.smcworld.com

#### Selection

# **⚠** Warning

#### <Water>

The use of a fluid that contains foreign objects can cause problems such as malfunction and seal failure by promoting wear of the valve seat and armature, and by sticking to the sliding parts of the armature, etc. Install a suitable filter (strainer) immediately upstream from the valve. As a general rule, use 80 to 100 mesh.

The supply water includes materials that create a hard sediment or sludge such as calcium and magnesium. Sediment and sludge can cause the valve to not operate properly. Therefore, install a water softening device, which removes these materials, and a filter (strainer) directly in front of the valve.

#### Tap water pressure:

The water pressure for tap water is normally 0.4 MPa or less. However, in places like a high-rise building, the pressure may be 1.0 MPa. When selecting tap water, be careful of the maximum operating pressure differential.

When using water or heated water, poor operation or leaks may be caused by dezincification, erosion, corrosion, etc. The brass (C37) body of this product uses dezincification-resistant material as a standard. We also offer a stainless steel body type with improved corrosion resistance. Please use the one that fits your needs.

#### <0il>

Generally, FKM is used as seal material, as it is resistant to oil. The resistance of the seal material may deteriorate depending on the type of oil, manufacturer or additives. Check the resistance before using. The kinematic viscosity must not exceed 50 mm<sup>2</sup>/s

#### <Steam>

The use of a steam that contains foreign objects can cause problems such as malfunction and seal failure by promoting wear of the valve seat and armature, and by sticking to the sliding parts of the armature, etc. Install a suitable filter (strainer) immediately upstream from the valve.

As a standard, the mesh count for the strainer is 100 mesh. However, the size and shape of foreign objects that occur depends on the operating environment. Check the fluid status and choose an appropriate mesh count.

The supply water to a boiler includes materials that create a hard sediment or sludge such as calcium and magnesium. Sediment and sludge from steam can cause the valve to not operate properly. Install a water softening device, which removes these materials. Do not use operation steam which contains chemicals, synthetic oils containing organic solvents, salts or corrosive gases, etc., as these can cause damage or deterioration.

#### 3. Ambient environment

Use within the operable ambient temperature range. Check the compatibility between the product's composition materials and the ambient atmosphere. Be certain that the fluid used does not touch the external surface of the product.

## 4. Countermeasures against static electricity

Take measures to prevent static electricity since some fluids can cause static electricity.

#### Selection

# **⚠** Warning

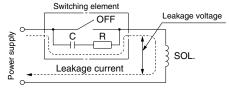
#### 5. Low temperature operation

- The valve can be used in an ambient temperature of between -20 to -10°C. However, take measures to prevent freezing or solidification of impurities, etc.
- 2) When using valves for water application in cold climates, take appropriate countermeasures to prevent the water from freezing in tubing after cutting the water supply from the pump, by draining the water, etc. When warming by a heater, etc., be careful not to expose the coil portion to a heater. Installation of a dryer, heat retaining of the body is recommended to prevent a freezing condition in which the dew point temperature is high and the ambient temperature is low, and the high flow runs.

# **⚠** Caution

#### 1. Leakage voltage

Particularly when using a resistor in parallel with a switching element and using a C-R element (surge voltage suppressor) to protect the switching element, take note that leakage current will flow through the resistor, C-R element, etc., creating a possible danger that the valve may not turn off.



AC/Class B built-in full-wave rectifier coil: 10% or less of rated voltage  $\,$ 

DC coil: 2% or less of rated voltage

#### 2. Selecting model

Material depends on fluid. Select optimal models for the fluid.

## 3. When the fluid is oil.

The kinematic viscosity must not exceed 50 mm<sup>2</sup>/s.

## Mounting

# **⚠** Warning

1. If air leakage increases or equipment does not operate properly, stop operation.

After mounting is completed, confirm that it has been done correctly by performing a suitable function test.

## 2. Do not apply external force to the coil section.

When tightening is performed, apply a wrench or other tool to the outside of the piping connection parts.

# Mount a valve with its coil position upward, not downward.

When mounting a valve with its coil positioned downward, foreign objects in the fluid will adhere to the iron core leading to a malfunction. Especially for strict leakage control, such as with vacuum applications and non-leak specifications, the coil must be positioned upward.

# 4. Do not warm the coil assembly with a heat insulator, etc.

Use tape, heaters, etc., for freeze prevention on the piping and body only. They can cause the coil to burn out.





Be sure to read before handling.

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## Mounting

# 

- 5. Secure with brackets, except in the case of steel piping and copper fittings.
- Avoid sources of vibration, or adjust the arm from the body to the minimum length so that resonance will not occur.
- 7. Painting and coating

Warnings or specifications printed or labeled on the product should not be erased, removed or covered up.

## **Piping**

# **Marning**

1. During use, deterioration of the tube or damage to the fittings could cause tubes to come loose from their fittings and thrash about.

To prevent uncontrolled tube movement, install protective covers or fasten tubes securely in place.

For piping the tube, fix the product securely using the mounting holes so that the product is not in the air.

# **⚠** Caution

1. Preparation before piping

Before piping is connected, it should be thoroughly blown out with air (flushing) or washed to remove chips, cutting oil and other debris from inside the pipe.

Install piping so that it does not apply pulling, pressing, bending or other forces on the valve body.

- 2. Avoid connecting ground lines to piping, as this may cause electric corrosion of the system.
- Tighten threads with the proper tightening torque. When attaching fittings to valves, tighten with the proper tightening torque shown below.

**Tightening Torque for Piping** 

<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Connection thread	Proper tightening torque (N·m)
Rc1/8	7 to 9
Rc1/4	12 to 14
Rc3/8	22 to 24
Rc1/2	28 to 30

#### 4. Connection of piping to products

When connecting piping to a product, refer to its operation manual to avoid mistakes regarding the supply port, etc.

In applications such as vacuum and non-leak specifications, use caution specifically against the contamination of foreign objects or airtightness of the fittings.

## **Recommended Piping Conditions**

 When connecting tubes using one-touch fittings, provide some spare tube length shown in Fig. 1, recommended piping configuration.

Also, do not apply external force to the fittings when binding tubes with bands, etc. (see Fig. 2.)

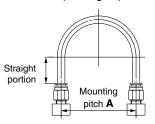


Fig. 1 Recommended piping configuration

Unit: mm

Tube	Mounting pitch A			Straight
size	Nylon tube	Soft nylon tube	Polyurethane tube	portion length
ø1/8"	44 or more	29 or more	25 or more	16 or more
ø6	84 or more	39 or more	39 or more	30 or more
ø1/4"	89 or more	56 or more	57 or more	32 or more
ø8	112 or more	58 or more	52 or more	40 or more
ø10	140 or more	70 or more	69 or more	50 or more
ø12	168 or more	82 or more	88 or more	60 or more

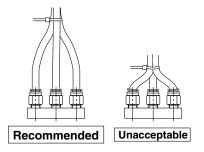


Fig. 2 Binding tubes with bands

## Wiring

# **⚠** Caution

- As a rule, use electrical wire with a cross sectional area of 0.5 to 1.25 mm<sup>2</sup> for wiring.
   Furthermore, do not allow excessive force to be applied to the lines.
- 2. Use electrical circuits which do not generate chattering in their contacts.
- 3. Use voltage which is within  $\pm 10\%$  of the rated voltage. In cases with a DC power supply where importance is placed on responsiveness, stay within  $\pm 5\%$  of the rated value. The voltage drop is the value in the lead wire section connecting the coil.
- 4. When a surge from the solenoid affects the electrical circuitry, install a surge voltage suppressor, etc., in parallel with the solenoid. Or, adopt an option that comes with the surge voltage protection circuit. (However, a surge voltage occurs even if the surge voltage protection circuit is used. For details, please consult with SMC.)





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## **Operating Environment**

# **⚠** Warning

- 1. Do not use in an atmosphere having corrosive gases, chemicals, sea water, water, water vapor, or where there is direct contact with any of these.
- 2. Do not use in explosive atmospheres.
- 3. Do not use in locations subject to vibration or impact.
- 4. Do not use in locations where radiated heat will be received from nearby heat sources.
- 5. Employ suitable protective measures in locations where there is contact with water droplets, oil or welding spatter, etc.

#### Maintenance

# **△** Warning

#### 1. Removing the product

The valve will reach a high temperature when used with high temperature fluids. Confirm that the valve temperature has dropped sufficiently before performing work. If touched inadvertently, there is a danger of being burned.

- Shut off the fluid supply and release the fluid pressure in the system.
- 2) Shut off the power supply.
- 3) Remove the product.

#### 2. Low frequency operation

Switch valves at least once every 30 days to prevent malfunction. Also, in order to use it under the optimum state, conduct a regular inspection once a half year.

# **⚠** Caution

#### 1. Filters and strainers

- 1) Be careful regarding clogging of filters and strainers.
- Replace filter elements after one year of use, or earlier if the pressure drop reaches 0.1 MPa.
- 3) Clean strainers when the pressure drop reaches 0.1 MPa.

## 2. Lubrication

When using after lubricating, never forget to lubricate continuously.

#### 3. Storage

In case of long term storage after use with heated water, thoroughly remove all moisture to prevent rust and deterioration of rubber materials, etc.

4. Exhaust the drainage from an air filter periodically.

## **Operating Precautions**

# **Marning**

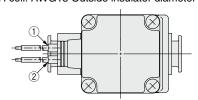
- If there is a possibility of reverse pressure being applied to the valve, take countermeasures such as mounting a check valve on the downstream side of the valve.
- 2. When problems are caused by a water hammer, install water hammer relief equipment (accumulator, etc.), or use an SMC water hammer relief valve (Series VXR). For details, please consult with SMC.

#### **Electrical Connections**

# **⚠** Caution

#### ■ Grommet

Class B coil: AWG20 Outside insulator diameter of 2.5 mm Class H coil: AWG18 Outside insulator diameter of 2.1 mm

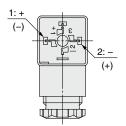


Rated voltage	Lead wire color		
	1	2	
DC (Class B only)	Black	Red	
100 VAC	Blue	Blue	
200 VAC	Red	Red	
Other AC	Gray	Gray	

<sup>\*</sup> There is no polarity.

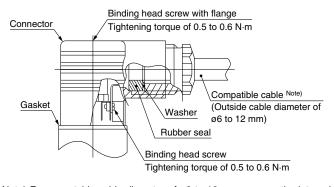
## ■ DIN terminal (Class B only)

Since internal connections are shown below for the DIN terminal, make connections to the power supply accordingly.



Terminal no.	1	2
DIN terminal	+ (-)	<b>–</b> (+)

- \* There is no polarity.
- Use a heavy-duty cord with an outside cable diameter of ø6 to 12 mm.
- Use the tightening torques below for each section.



Note) For an outside cable diameter of ø9 to 12 mm, remove the internal parts of the rubber seal before using.





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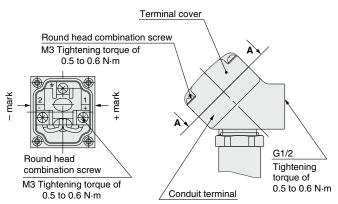
#### **Electrical Connections**

# **⚠** Caution

#### ■ Conduit terminal

In the case of the conduit terminal, make connections according to the marks shown below.

- Use the tightening torques below for each section.
- Properly seal the terminal connection (G1/2) with the special wiring conduit, etc.



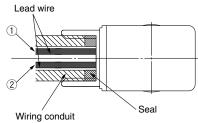
View A-A

(Internal connection diagram)

#### **■** Conduit

When used as an IP65 equivalent, use seal to install the wiring conduit. Also, use the tightening torque below for the conduit.

Class B coil: AWG20 Outside insulator diameter of 2.5 mm Class H coil: AWG18 Outside insulator diameter of 2.1 mm



(Connection G1/2 Tightening torque of 0.5 to 0.6 N·m)

Dated voltage	Lead wi	re color	
Rated voltage	1)	2	
DC	Black	Red	
100 VAC	Blue	Blue	
200 VAC	Red	Red	
Other AC	Gray	Gray	

\* There is no polarity.

Description	Part no.
Seal	VCW20-15-6

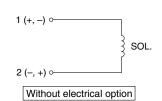
Note) Please order separately.

#### **Electrical Circuits**

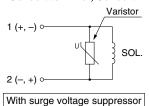
# **⚠** Caution

[DC circuit]

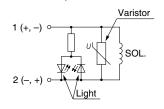
#### **Grommet, Faston terminal**



Grommet, DIN terminal, Conduit terminal, Conduit



**DIN terminal, Conduit terminal** 

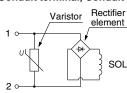


With light/surge voltage suppressor

## [AC circuit]

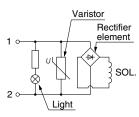
 For AC (Class B), the standard product is equipped with surge voltage suppressor.

# Grommet, DIN terminal, Conduit terminal, Conduit



Without electrical option

DIN terminal, Conduit terminal



With light/surge voltage suppressor

#### One-touch Fitting

# **⚠** Caution

For information on handling one-touch fittings and appropriate tubing, refer to page 41 and the KQ2 series one-touch fittings in Best Pneumatics No. 6. The KQ2 series information can be downloaded from the following SMC website, http://www.smcworld.com





# **⚠** Safety Instructions

These safety instructions are intended to prevent hazardous situations and/or equipment damage. These instructions indicate the level of potential hazard with the labels of "Caution," "Warning" or "Danger." They are all important notes for safety and must be followed in addition to International Standards (ISO/IEC)\*1), and other safety regulations.

Caution indicates a hazard with a low level of risk Caution: which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

Warning indicates a hazard with a medium level of \*\* Warning: risk which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

**⚠** Danger :

Danger indicates a hazard with a high level of risk which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

\*1) ISO 4414: Pneumatic fluid power – General rules relating to systems. ISO 4413: Hydraulic fluid power – General rules relating to systems. IEC 60204-1: Safety of machinery – Electrical equipment of machines. (Part 1: General requirements)

ISO 10218-1: Manipulating industrial robots - Safety.

# **⚠** Warning

1. The compatibility of the product is the responsibility of the person who designs the equipment or decides its specifications. Since the product specified here is used under various operating conditions, its compatibility with specific equipment must be decided by the person who designs the equipment or decides its specifications based on necessary analysis and test results. The expected performance and safety assurance of the equipment will be the responsibility of the person who has determined its compatibility with the product. This person should also continuously review all specifications of the product referring to its latest catalog information, with a view to giving due consideration to any possibility of equipment failure when configuring the

2. Only personnel with appropriate training should operate machinery and equipment.

The product specified here may become unsafe if handled incorrectly. The assembly, operation and maintenance of machines or equipment including our products must be performed by an operator who is appropriately trained and experienced.

- 3. Do not service or attempt to remove product and machinery/ equipment until safety is confirmed.
  - 1. The inspection and maintenance of machinery/equipment should only be performed after measures to prevent falling or runaway of the driven objects have been confirmed.
  - 2. When the product is to be removed, confirm that the safety measures as mentioned above are implemented and the power from any appropriate source is cut, and read and understand the specific product precautions of all relevant products carefully.
  - 3. Before machinery/equipment is restarted, take measures to prevent unexpected operation and malfunction.
- 4. Contact SMC beforehand and take special consideration of safety measures if the product is to be used in any of the following
  - 1. Conditions and environments outside of the given specifications, or use outdoors or in a place exposed to direct sunlight.
  - 2. Installation on equipment in conjunction with atomic energy, railways, air navigation, space, shipping, vehicles, military, medical treatment, combustion and recreation, or equipment in contact with food and beverages, emergency stop circuits, clutch and brake circuits in press applications, safety equipment or other applications unsuitable for the standard specifications described in the product catalog.
  - 3. An application which could have negative effects on people, property, or animals requiring special safety analysis.
  - 4. Use in an interlock circuit, which requires the provision of double interlock for possible failure by using a mechanical protective function, and periodical checks to confirm proper operation.

## **⚠** Caution

1. The product is provided for use in manufacturing industries.

The product herein described is basically provided for peaceful use in manufacturing industries.

If considering using the product in other industries, consult SMC beforehand and exchange specifications or a contract if necessary.

If anything is unclear, contact your nearest sales branch.

# Limited warranty and Disclaimer/ **Compliance Requirements**

The product used is subject to the following "Limited warranty and Disclaimer" and "Compliance Requirements".

Read and accept them before using the product.

## **Limited warranty and Disclaimer**

- 1. The warranty period of the product is 1 year in service or 1.5 years after the product is delivered.\*2)
  - Also, the product may have specified durability, running distance or replacement parts. Please consult your nearest sales branch.
- 2. For any failure or damage reported within the warranty period which is clearly our responsibility, a replacement product or necessary parts will be provided. This limited warranty applies only to our product independently, and not to any other damage incurred due to the failure of the product.
- 3. Prior to using SMC products, please read and understand the warranty terms and disclaimers noted in the specified catalog for the particular products.
  - 2) Vacuum pads are excluded from this 1 year warranty. A vacuum pad is a consumable part, so it is warranted for a year after it is delivered. Also, even within the warranty period, the wear of a product due to the use of the vacuum pad or failure due to the deterioration of rubber material are not covered by the limited warranty.

## **Compliance Requirements**

- 1. The use of SMC products with production equipment for the manufacture of weapons of mass destruction (WMD) or any other weapon is strictly prohibited.
- 2. The exports of SMC products or technology from one country to another are governed by the relevant security laws and regulations of the countries involved in the transaction. Prior to the shipment of a SMC product to another country, assure that all local rules governing that export are known and followed.

#### **Revision history**

Edition B • Added N.O. valve.

- Added steam as a fluid (Insulation type Class H).
- Added manifold.
- Increased pages from 32 to 49.

QV

↑ Safety Instructions Be sure to read "Handling Precautions for SMC Products" (M-E03-3) before using.

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